ASADAY SULKY PLOW

a landside. Plows hard, dry or stony land, or any other kind of ction and to the entire satisfaction of the best farmers. It n the other sulky plows so bad that the plow agents don't like en they don't tell the truth about it. Come and see it. Ask e it about it. Send for catalogue.

CHILLED PLOWS.

VINEYARD PLOWS.

et enough Vineyard Plows last season to half supply the demand.

RISON SULKY PLOWS

Best steel sulky made.

arrows, Planet Jr. Cultivators, Riding Cultivators, Etc.

KER WAGONS, CARRIAGES & BUGGIES

Have no equal in this country.

e in Southern California. All Reliable Goods. Lowest Prices.

S. W. LUITWEILER,

d 104 Los Angeles Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

au12tf

YOUR ORCHARDS!

By Spraying your Trees, Bushes or Plants with

Whale Oil and Iron Compound.

g to receipt of Dr. S. P. CHAPIN, State Inspector of Fruit Pests. Can be used Summer and t injure foliage, buds or fruit. Take no other wash. This has been thoroughly tested.

AMERICAN OIL COMPANY,

t., San Francisco, Manufacturers of Whale Oil, Whale Oil Soap, Codlin Moth Wash.

d for sale by L. GILMACHER, Santa Ana; P. DAVIS & BRO., Anaheim; D. C. PIXLEY, & CO., Tustin; CRAIG & HUBBARD, Pasadena; Los Angeles Depot, 208 and 210 Requena RD, Agent. au29 w1m

T. RICHARDSON

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

l Implements, Wagons and Farm Machinery

d 237 NORTH LOS ANGELES STREET, LOS ANGELES.

Opposite Aliso Street.

urnished for boring wells, putting in pumps, erecting tanks and the lower windmills. Also a full line of five-ply, half-inch steam hose and nder pumps for spraying trees. Guaranteed the best in the market.

au24

W. BROWNING.

REAL ESTATE,

ES TO RENT. MONEY TO LOAN.

Office 304, House 390. [se19 2m] *Postoffice Box 1418.*

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Bernardino County nia, on

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OIL.

dapted to the pro- peach, apricot, pear, plum, prune, raspberry, strawberry, ry, and the entire, both raisin and wine.

postoffices, stores, meat ine Union church and ing Pacific coast. of the many advantages and the managers are ers will now start a to actual settlers, and to California seeking to those already in the and examine land and ginal excursion. For house and ask for the ng Land Company. For

C. W. FILKINS, O. W. BUTARY, Riverside, Cal.

JACOB KLINE C. R. HOFFER, Corner N. Los Angeles and Gopher Sts.

AND GOPHER

MINATOR.

dispenses with all n preparations. The hing. Every machine work or MONEY RE- d within the last two ted, but to the con- se sold another. Call

OWNE'S,

RING STREET,

ces and testimonials.

JOHN TAYLOR, on, Los Angeles, Cal.

BROS.,

LANCE AGENTS, PASADENA, CAL. jul9tf1 wu

GEORGIA STREET

Poultry Yard,

JAS. T. BROWN,

18 Georgia St., [Los Angeles, Cal.,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF THOROUGHBRED Plymouth Rocks, Brown and White Leghorns, Houdans, White Face Black Spanish, Light Brahmas and Langshans, S. S. Hamburgs, Black Hamburgs and Bronze Turkeys, eggs and fowls for sale.

I guarantee my stock to be healthy.

NEAR WOLFSKILL'S ORCHARD.

Circular and Price List free. au17 wtf

HOLSTEIN---FRIESIAN CATTLE.

All Ages and Both Sexes.

Home Bred and Imported.

Cows and heifers bred to best Netherland and Aaggie Bulls.

The averages of records of 4 heifers are the true test of its merit.

The following Milk and Butter Records have all been made by animals now in our herd:

MILK RECORDS.

Five cows have averaged over 19,000 lbs. in a year. Ten cows have averaged over 18,000 lbs. in a year.

We now own a bull and twenty-three cows that have made yearly records exceeding 16,000 lbs., and fourteen of these twenty-five have averaged over 18,000 lbs. in a year. Sixty three, the entire number in the herd that have made a year's record, including fourteen three-year-olds and twenty-one two-year-olds, have averaged 12,795 lbs. 9 ounces in a year.

BUTTER RECORDS.

Five cows have averaged 20 lbs. 7 oz. in a week. Nine cows have averaged 19 lbs. 3 oz. in a week. Fifteen cows have averaged 17 lbs. 6 oz. in a week. Six three-year-olds have averaged 16 lbs. 3 oz. in a week. Eleven three-year olds (the entire number tested) have averaged 15 lbs. 7 oz. in a week. Six two-year-olds have averaged 12 lbs. 5 oz. in a week. Two entire two-year olds (entire number tested) have averaged 10 lbs. 8 9-10 oz. in a week. The entire original imported Netherlands Family of six cows (two being but three years old) have averaged 17½ lbs. in a week. This is the Herd from which to get foundation stock. Prices low for quality of stock.

SMITHS, POWELL & LAWS, Lakeside Stock Farm, Syracuse, N. Y. se19 6m

Orchardists, Save Your Trees!

The White Scale Can be exterminated by using

FIELD'S ORCHARD FORCE PUMP,

The cheapest and most effective pump ever invented.

Simple in construction; can be taken apart with a common screw wrench; no superfluous valves; weighs from 8½ to 40 pounds; bolts and nuts are all outside and not exposed to water, therefore free from rust; can be applied to any service that a cistern or force pump can be used for; will throw a steady stream 60 feet. Every orchardist in southern California should inspect this pump, which has no equal, in connection with the San Jose spraying mixture, as a means of eradicating the scale, white, black and red, and all other insect pests found on deciduous trees. *FREE* to any address, circulars showing methods of using this pump and giving receipts for the most effective spraying compounds.

Harper & Reynolds Company,

48 & 50 MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, CAL. sp13

Booth's Sure Death Squirrel Poison.

—FOR—

Squirrels Gophers. Birds. Mice. etc.

Endorsed by the Grange and Farmers wherever used. The Cheapest and Best. Put up in 1-pound, 4-pound, and 5-gallon tins.

Every Can Warranted.

This poison has been on the market less than two years, yet in this short time it has gained a reputation of "Sure Death," equal if not superior to any poison known, without any little advertising fly its merits alone, with very little advertising it is now used extensively all over the Pacific coast, as well as in Australia and New Zealand.

SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS.

—MANUFACTURED BY—

A. R BOOTH. San Luis Obispo. Cal.

Patented Jan. 20th, 1883.

For Sale by all Wholesale and Retail Dealers. Special Terms on Quantities in Bulk. feb8 w

ELSINORE

Has taken its rank among the most successful Colonies of Southern California. Three hundred and fifty intelligent and industrious residents have purchased and improved ninety hundred and sixty acres of land. Livery Stable, Hotel, three Stores, Nursery, Lumber Yard, Livery Stable, Farms, established a Village, Hotel, three Stores, Nursery, Lumber Yard, two Schools, Church, Blacksmith shop, Pottery, Postoffice, No airy Public, Voting Precinct, two Schools, Church, one hour from Los Angeles, on the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, twenty miles south of Riverside, beautiful lake, hot and cold springs, grand avenue, delightful climate, abundant water supply, rich soil, low prices—$20 to $50 per acre; easy terms, one-third cash, balance one and two years, at 8 per cent.—form the basis of this rapid progress. Circulars and Maps sent free on application to the proprietors.

WM. COLLIER, Elsinore, Cal.

D. M. CRAHAM, Pasadena, Cal. jun27

LOS ANGELES SUNDAY TIMES.

VOL. VIII.—NO. 112. LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1885.—SIX-PAGE EDITION. FIVE CENTS.

1885--FALL AND WINTER--1886

GRAND OPENING

Monday, September 14th

When we will exhibit and place on sale goods which we have imported direct from EUROPE AND THE EASTERN MARKETS

Unequalled in Southern California.

The latest novelties, the most magnificent combinations, not to be found in any other house in this city. We carry the

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK

Buy and sell more goods than other dry goods house in Los Angeles, sell as cheap and have but one price.

CITY OF PARIS.

THE PEERLESS DRY GOODS EMPORIUM

OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

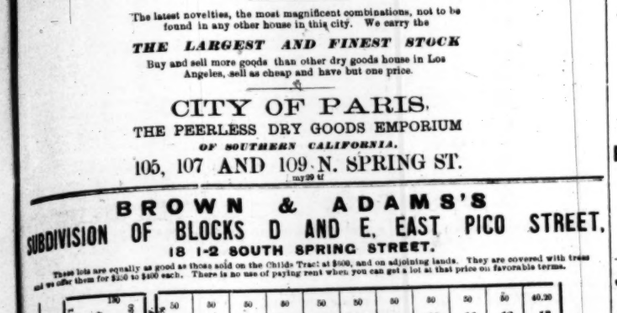
105, 107 AND 109 N. SPRING ST.

sep29 tf

BROWN & ADAMS'S SUBDIVISION OF BLOCKS D AND E, EAST PICO STREET,

18 1-2 SOUTH SPRING STREET.

These lots are equally as good as those sold on the Childs Tract at $500, and on adjoining lands. They are covered with trees and we offer them for $250 to $400 each. There is no use of paying rent when you can get a lot at that price on favorable terms.



Also agents for houses, lots and alfalfa lands. Temecula Land and Water Co.'s lands, San Diego county. Also large tracts of land suitable for grazing purposes, or for sales for a colony. (oct) BROWN & ADAMS, P. O. Box 936.

POLASKI BROTHERS,

118 NORTH MAIN STREET.

The Merchant Tailors, Furnishers and Ready-ma Clothiers.

1885-86 FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

Is Very Select and Choice.

OUR READY-MADE SACK AND FROCK SUITS

FROM $15 TO $25,

ARE PERFECT-FITTING, TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS.

oct1tf

SAN GORGONIO HEIGHTS

The Great Health Resort of Southern California.

ROMANTIC AND CHARMING LOCATION FOR HOMES

The entire tract known as the San Gorgonio Heights is now thrown on the market, and will be sold in five, ten, twenty and forty acre lots to suit purchasers. This is your chance to get homes for little money in one of the most healthy spots in the universe. A No. 1 water right included with every lot sold.

For maps, circulars or other information call on or address

GEORGE D. CARLETON & CO.,

No. 15 West First Street, Los Angeles, or San Gorgonia.

au

OCTOBER LIST.

Desirable Real Estate

9 acres on New Main st., 1¼ miles outside the city; house of four rooms, cellar, etc.; set out; buggy shed, chicken corral, etc. Price $3600.

Just Cottage near Seventh st., west of last, seven rooms, bath, etc.; lot 68x178 feet. Price $2,500.

Cheap! $3100.

Four lots on Boundry st., at head of 8th and Fifth. Price $1000 each.

Lot of Maps on Chantry st., commanding the best and one of the finest views in the city; two cottages on the lot.

Price only $3500.

Horses of very choice land, eight miles south of Los Angeles, with good water supply, small house, etc. $1950.

The only two No. 1 building lots left in Pasadena. The cheapest property now in the market for $2000, 120x168 feet; or for one or eight feet.

$2000.

Eight and a half acres just outside the city, set out in eight-year-old orange trees and other trees, vines, plums, apricots, peach, etc.; windmill and tank, pipes, &c. In bearing; shrubbery and flowers. One of the most sightly locations in or near the city. We are authorized to offer this property at a low cash price, as the owner is now in other business and does not require it. This beyond all question a first-class bargain. Price only on application.

Ten acres on Orange street, commanding magnificent view of the city; 100 to a lot. $5000.

Residence of eight rooms, lot 80x170 feet. A beautiful view and exceedingly desirable property. $3,000.

Elegant residence on Temple st., modernly furnished throughout; lot 80x 170 feet. $13,000.

10 acres near Florence, 4 very desirable property for stock or dairy purposes. $13,000.

Four Choice Lots in Pasadena, near Raymond. A bargain at $1600.

1 acres well located in Crescents Capsule, very reasonable. $500.

FOR EXCHANGE.

A first-class manufacturing business in Williams, either half or entire, doing a good business and business growing and can be doubled to any amount desired. Will exchange for good property in Los Angeles city or county.

Property in Indiana, Illinois, Kansas and Colorado for exchange for Los Angeles property.

Investments made and specific interest guaranteed on money invested under our direction. Money to loan at current rates.

F. H. BABOLAY.

sep1 9 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

DR. ROBINSON,

Special treatment for

CATARRH, EYE AND EAR.

Artificial Eyes Inserted.

Spectacles adjusted to the anomalies of refraction.

No. 9 Bryson Block, Masonic Hall entrance, South Spring st.

Hours from 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. se23 tf

FOR RENT.

DAIRY FARM—With sixty good cows and 125 acres of land.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD-PAYING DAIRY, with twenty cows, two horses and spring wagon; good range and lots; milk cans; is now paying a good reasons for selling; price for the whole $700.

WANTED.

IF YOU WANT to rent your house, come and let me know at once.

FOR SALE.

LODGING HOUSES—Do you want a good-paying business? If so, call at once and learn one of these bargains.

J. W. BROWNING,

No. 7 S. Main st., Opposite Opera House. oct1w

PICKET & KELLY,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, EXAMINERS OF TITLES AND CONVEYANCERS, 302 North Main street, Los Angeles, Cal. Mr. Picket was Commissioner of Deeds for the State of Illinois, and has had fifteen years experience in the practice of real estate law and the investigation of titles to real estate, will therefore give special attention to examining titles, preparing abstracts and conveyancing. Mr. Kelly will give his undivided attention to the real estate department. aug1 wtf 1mp

H. B. FOX

OPENING OF FALL STOCK

OF GENTLEMEN'S

NECKWEAR,

UNDERWEAR,

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

SHIRTS,

HATS, and

CLOTHING.

First Quality Goods.

Lowest Living Prices.

36 N. SPRING ST. july2

J. W. BROWNING,

REAL ESTATE,

No. 7 South Main Street

(Opposite Opera House.)

Fall is here and so are we, the same as ever, and at the same old place, with one of the finest lists of property ever offered for sale in this county. My list covers over 500 ranches, ranging in price from $6 per acre to $1000 per acre; over 500 houses and lots ranging from $500 to $30,000; over 9000 vacant lots, ranging in price from $150 for a good lot within two blocks of horse cars to $8000 for business lots.

HOUSES TO RENT.

I have always a good list of houses for rent.

I have just issued a book entitled the Los Angeles city and county

GUIDE BOOK,

which every stranger should have, and which they can have FREE by calling at my office, No. 7 S. Main st. It consists of about 100 pages of very useful information.

I have also some very fine

BUSINESS PROPERTY

For sale. Any one who wants to step into a good paying business had better call at once and see me.

How Is This for a Bargain?

Handsome residence of eight large rooms, with large bay windows, two porches, with one of the handsomest fronts in the city. House has double parlor 16x20, with gilt picture moulding, mantel pieces, fire place and grate, with handsome tiled hearth and sliding doors, four large bed rooms and bath. Each bed room has a large closet. Large hall running part way through the house. Will be sold with or without the furniture, as the owner desires. Has two windows, also first quality inside blinds; lot 80 by 175, all fenced; city water in house and lot; a nice bites grass lawn in front and rear of house; twenty large, full bearing fruit trees, such as pears, peaches, apricots, Italian chestnuts and apples; also 400 feet of cypress hedge one foot high. Lot on corner of street and on horse car track. House handsomely furnished, all ready to go to housekeeping. House is new, neat and clean, also furniture. *Price only $4500.*

J. W. BROWNING.

NO. 7 S. MAIN ST., Opp. Grand Opera House. sep30 tf

CONSUMPTION

And all the various diseases of the

HEAD, THROAT AND CHEST,

Together with the

EYE, EAR AND HEART,

Also all Chronic Diseases, and Diseases Incident to Females, successfully Treated by

M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M. D.,

M. C. P. S. O.

Graduate of Victoria College Toronto, Ontario; Licentiate Physician in and for the State of Michigan; also member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario; for three years Assistant Physician of the Consumptive, Cincinnati Throat and Lung Institute; for fifteen years, and still, proprietor of the New York Throat and Lung Institute, and for several years Proprietor of the Ontario Pulmonary Institute and Health Resort, at Toronto. Ont. Over 60,000 cases treated by us during the past nineteen years.

In order to show how successfully lung diseases can be cured when properly treated, we give the testimonials of those who are well and favorably known by many of the people of Los Angeles.

From Rev. R. F. Spencer, M. E. Minister, Kalamazoo, Mich.:

To Whom it May Concern:

Two months ago I came to Dr. M. Hilton Williams for medical treatment. I had been a severe sufferer from that most distressing of all diseases, catarrh and bronchitis, hawking and spitting large quantities of yellow mucus from the head, hawking more or less mucus also on the bronchial tubes, and feeling hardly able to walk without suffering from the weight of my overcoat.

I was nervously prostrated as well by the heavy [illegible] and by the faithful use of his excellent treatment for the blood and the inhalations for the head and throat I have experienced most happy results. I have now no trouble with the mucus on the bronchial tubes. I walk with ease six or eight miles a day, and there is very little discharge from the nose, and that is rapidly diminishing.

It would be unnatural in me not to have the fullest confidence in the doctor's treatment. Indeed, I believe catarrh and lung trouble cannot be successfully treated in any other way. Inhalation reaches all the parts most beneficially and at once; and I regard every case curable, if taken in time. I take pleasure in saying this for the benefit of the afflicted, as well as in just es to the doctor.

Rev. H. F. Spencer,

Michigan Conference of M. E. Church.

From Rev. John Russell, Elder of the Marquette District of the Michigan Conference of the M. E. Church.

M. Hilton Williams, M. D.—My Dear Sir—Somewhat over a year ago my son, Wm. Russell, then in his twenty-first year, had two violent attacks of hemorrhage of the lungs, none of which he has had since he began the use of your remedies, followed by extreme prostration and nervous debility. In from prostration and nervous debility. In from two to three months and to that of others who knew him intimately, his symptoms indicated a rapid decline and an early death by pulmonary consumption. But under your treatment he has recovered his health so as to be able to do a man's work all cold. I attribute his improved condition, under God, to your medical skill and method of treating diseases of this nature. With the sincerest prayer that God may render your professional services a blessing to many others who are similarly afflicted, I am, yours very truly,

Rev. John Russell.

From Rev. L. R. Fiske, D. D., President Albion College, Albion, Mich., formerly pastor of Central M. E. Church, Detroit, Mich., and editor of the Christian Advocate:

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 22, 1877.

Dr. Williams—Dear Sir: I am glad to add my testimony to the efficacy of the treatment which has received. In the spring of 1877, my son, then at the age of 20, was suffering from a severe affection of the bronchial tubes and lungs, so as to be compelled to keep his room, and the most of the time his bed. Within the space of two weeks he experienced about a dozen hemorrhages, from which the most effective arrest of the bleeding, and which has never occurred since he began the inhalation. Respectfully,

Rev. L. R. Fiske.

Let there be no delay, then, in application to the treatment that has stood the test and proved equal again and again the only hope—the only reliable safeguard and means of restoration.

Our Eastern friends should not depend upon climatic influences alone, for herein lies the fatal mistake. Scarlet fever requires positive medication, so as to become rid of the offending matter—the consolidated pus of the lungs—thereby giving nature an opportunity to heal them.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Those who desire to consult with me in regard to their cases or to location as to climate, had better call at my office for consultation and examination, but if impossible to do so, can write for a copy of my Medical Treatise, containing a list of questions. Address

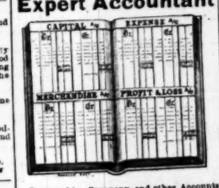
M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M. D.,

176 North Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office hours—From 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. jun 26

W. R. BLACKMAN,

Expert Accountant



Partnership, Company and other Accounts Kept, Investigated, Arranged and Arbitrated.

Office, 42 N. Spring st., Los Angeles. sep25 tf

AUSTRALIAN COAL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—At yard of the Los Angeles Gas Company, corner Alisos and Center streets.

LOS ANGELES GAS COMPANY.

Office No 9 Sonora st. jun11 tf

TULARE.

RUSSELL, CURTIS & SWEETSER,

43½ S. SPRING ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL., AGENTS FOR

Hughes & Braly's Grand Excursion from Los Angeles to Tulare City

Over the S. P. R. R., OCTOBER 15th, 16th and 17th, 1885. Good to return at any time up to October 24th, 1885.

Round Trip Tickets from Los Angeles	$9 00
Round Trip Tickets from Newhall	9 00
Round Trip Tickets from Lemon Cities	15 00

The object of this excursion is to attend the sale of over 70,000 acres of fruit, grain, stock and alfalfa lands, which will be sold from $4 to $30 per acre, in large or small tracts, to suit purchasers.

Full information and description of the lands to be sold obtained at the office of

RUSSELL, CURTIS & SWEETSER,

Real Estate, Loan and Insurance Agents. 43 1-2 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal. oct6d1w 1tw

For Exchange

GARDNER'S

PURE

HOME-MADE CANDIES,

ICE CREAM AND

WATER ICES.

Made of the purest materials, and for the yet still trade only. Also a full line of

ROBERTS' CHOICE CANDIES.

230 NORTH MAIN ST.

se 1m

Childress, Lowell & Childress,

REAL ESTATE & LOANS,

119 N. Spring St., Temple Block.

ALL KINDS OF PROPERTY BOUGHT, sold and exchanged. Eastern property a specialty. Proprietors of the Crescenta Canada colony, eleven miles from Los Angeles. One of the finest colonies for health in Southern California.

Call and see us. We are an Eastern firm, and are glad to see Eastern people. oct6f

NOTICE TO LADIES.

Mme. L. Letroadec.

French Dressmaker. (Successor to MADAME DELPRAT, No. 131 N. Spring st.)

Latest styles and fashions. Elegant stylish visit Mme. Letroadec's establishment, the leading dressmaking house of Southern California. sep19 1m

Artesian Wells.

IF YOU WANT A WELL BORED AND A good job done, drop a card to

HARRISON, the Well Borer,

113 Bunker Hill ave.

"Wallsend Coal"

To arrive per ship "COWLITZ" a cargo of the above coal. Priced rates $11 per ton at Depot. Apply at

LOS ANGELES GAS CO. OFFICES, No. 9 Sonora st.

sep29 tf

LOVELL ROLLER SKATES.

LATEST AND BEST.

Tension by spiral spring. New adjustment. Used by largest rinks. Prices reduced.

Send for circular to

E. T. ALLEN,

oct 1m 413 Market st., San Francisco.

AUSTRALIAN COAL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—At yard of the Los Angeles Gas Company, corner Alisos and Center streets.

LOS ANGELES GAS COMPANY.

Office No 9 Sonora st. jun11 tf

For Exchange.

3 houses and lots in city, well located, to trade for alfalfa lands.

10 acres well located in rolling grapes for house and lot in city.

10 acres, 7 in bearing deciduous fruits and 3 in rolling grapes, for house and lot in city.

10 acres, 7 in raisin grapes and 3 in alfalfa, for house and lot in city.

40 acres, 7 in raisin grapes and 3 in deciduous fruits, for house and lot in city limits; will make 44 beautiful lots; all covered with bearing fruit trees; also, a fine residence of 9 rooms; barn, windmill and tank. Can be had for one half its value; will exchange for a good residence. Must sell. Call soon.

For Sale.

Lodging house; well located; rents easily $1 per room; house full, and good reasons for selling.

1280 acres for $10 per acre.

320 acres for $5 50 per acre.

640 acres for $12 50 per acre.

1533 acres for $7 50 per acre.

1240 acres for $5 per acre.

3775 acres for $6 25 per acre.

320 acres for $7 50 per acre.

The above lands are almost level; only sufficient descent for drainage. They are all damp lands; water on any of them at six feet, and located in artesian belt; abundance of water in from 200 to 400 feet. The soil is a black sandy loam, capable of producing anything, but especially adapted to *alfalfa* and *stock*. A portion of the land is now covered with wild *grasses*. We refer especially to the 3775 acres. There is not one foot of waste land in the whole lot, and no other lands in California so cheap and so good, and not one acre in the whole lot that will not bring *$100 per acre in the next five years.*

DAVID CARB & CO.,

300½ N. Main st.

my31

NOTICE TO LADIES.

Mme. L. Letroadec.

French Dressmaker. (Successor to MADAME DELPRAT, No. 131 N. Spring st.)

Latest styles and fashions. Elegant stylish visit Mme. Letroadec's establishment, the leading dressmaking house of Southern California. sep19 1m

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IF YOU WANT A WELL BORED AND A good job done, drop a card to

HARRISON, the Well Borer,

113 Bunker Hill ave.

"Wallsend Coal"

To arrive per ship "COWLITZ" a cargo of the above coal. Priced rates $11 per ton at Depot. Apply at

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LATEST AND BEST.

Tension by spiral spring. New adjustment. Used by largest rinks. Prices reduced.

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AUSTRALIAN COAL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—At yard of the Los Angeles Gas Company, corner Alisos and Center streets.

LOS ANGELES GAS COMPANY.

Office No 9 Sonora st. jun11 tf

Office hours—10 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m., and 7 to 8 p. m.

W. S. DAVIS, M. D.,

Cor. 4th and Spring Street, over People's Store, Los Angeles, Cal. au30 tf

FOR EXCHANGE,

FOR LOS ANGELES PROPERTY, IMproved and unimproved city property in Burlington, Kansas; also improved and unimproved lands in Coffey county, Kansas. Apply to W. E. SHEA, 119 N. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal. oct1 1m

MANUFACTURERS OF

GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS.

Ladies' Underwear of all kinds made to order. Chinese and Japanese Lacquered Ware, Oriental Curios, Fancy Goods, Silk Handkerchiefs, etc., etc. No. 423 Main street, opposite Temple Block. All goods cheap. myd1 tf

The Times.

Office—Temple, Main and New High.

It will be next to impossible for people to settle down to business until the Ohio election and the mounted sword contest are decided. Then times will be better.

The "ruling passion strong in death" was illustrated in Quincy, Illinois, yesterday when a reporter first wrote a full account of how he shot himself, then pulled the trigger and committed suicide.

Cleveland was elected Governor of New York in 1882 by 192,854 plurality. He received for President in the same State in 1884 a plurality of 1047, and in 1885 his party is likely to be snatched bald-headed by a red-headed Republican.

Sir William Armstrong is making a gun which will carry a ton shell fifteen miles and hit hard. The rumor that Brer Wood and Brer Gould have ordered one of these "weepins" for use on the Katzenstein, at the next year's Grand Lodge session, had not been confirmed up to the hour of going to press.

A community of "Faithists" has settled in New Mexico and is trying to proselyte school children by sending pamphlets all over the country. They call their colony "Shalam," and are vegetarians. Let South Pasadena be on her guard, lest this peculiar breed of cranks come west and attempt to mix with the Order of New Life.

A law-and-order league is the need of the hour in Los Angeles. The infamous League of Freedom is organized for the declared purpose of openly and boldly resisting the enforcement of the high-license ordinance, and it becomes the duty of law-abiding and rational citizens to promptly organize and accept the challenge thus defiantly given. Let the question whether the law shall be defied, or enforced, be met and decided once for all. We do not for an instant believe that the law-defying element is in the ascendant in this city, or that the popular sentiment is in favor of the overthrow of this reasonable, legal and expedient measure of restriction upon the acknowledged evils of the liquor traffic; but we warn the friends of the ordinance that they must unite, organize and act, if they would win success in the bitter contest impending. Let all subordinate and extraneous matters be put aside and a square issue be made upon the ordinance, for the purpose of determining the broad, simple, yet vital question whether any one class of citizens shall be above the law, or whether all shall obey it alike.

THE GAS WELL.

A Chat with the Man Who Bored It Down at Present.

L. R. Harrison, the well-borer who discovered a reservoir of gas in sinking for water on the grounds of the Orphans' Home some weeks ago, returned to the city last evening from San Fernando, where he has been lately engaged. In conversation with a reporter of the Times, Mr. Harrison stated that, in sinking the well in question, he first noticed the flow of gas at a depth of fifty-five feet. The gas-bearing stratum, or reservoir, seemed to be about ten feet thick, for, at the depth of sixty-five feet, the flow was lost. At eighty feet a deposit of thick petroleum was found, which interfered seriously with boring operations. As this petroleum was thought to be a practical bar to a well of water for domestic purposes, further operations were abandoned.

Mr. Harrison says that, when the well was down about sixty feet and the gas was escaping rapidly, one of the men struck a match and placed it over the aperture. The gas ignited so quickly that it singed the man's mustache and eyebrows. It burned up in a column of flame two feet and a half high. The pipe being seven inches in diameter, it is evident that the volume of gas must have been considerable.

As the well now stands, it is of no benefit whatever, yielding neither gas, water, nor petroleum. It would be possible to secure a flow of gas again by puncturing the pipe at the depth of fifty-five to sixty-five feet, which can be readily done by apparatus that well-borers have. With a flow of gas thus established, the Orphans' Home might be supplied with both fuel and light at a running cost of nothing at all. It is worth trying.

Prof. De Lery, an analytical chemist, lately located in Los Angeles, is desirous of prosecuting scientific investigations in connection with the well, and would like to obtain some of the gas for analysis. He is sanguine of the value of the well, if the gas proves of proper quality and the supply is reliable.

AMUSEMENTS.

Janauschek.—The matinee yesterday was well attended, the audience being composed principally of ladies and children. The play on the boards was *The Countess of Rudolstadt*, which was given with even more verve than when presented in the evening performance earlier in the week. Last evening the audience was rather small. *My Life* is a play of the French, Frenchy—abounding in escapades d'amour, intense and tragic situations, and an adventurer and adventuress, both French. It also has a Mr. Boston, from New York, and several other absurd things. Janauschek played the double role of "Mico, the blind mistress of Moorland" and "Circe Encore, a Singer." The support was good, as usual. The company have had a successful week and they and the public are both entitled to congratulations.

Haverly's Minstrels.—This sterling company will open a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House, tomorrow evening. The full troupe will be here.

The Lucky Ones.

Following is the list of prizes drawn at the Orphans' Fair on Saturday evening, October 3: Ebony cabinet, No. 111; upholstered chair, 40; picture of Fr. Meyer, 265; fruit basket, 91; moss wreath, 96; saddle, 26; sewing machine, 335; large cake, 33; barrel of flour, 102; cake, 160; rocking chair, 178; clock, 94; piano cover, 60; small painted plaque, 18, won by A. C. Jones; gold headed cane, won by Dr. Worthington; wicker chair, won by Father Hartnet; coral cross, won by L. Mellor; sofa cushion, won by Gaston Oxarat; embroidered cushion, won by P. Beaudry; table scarf, won by Mrs. I. W. Hellman; gents' hat, won by P. Kenny; oil painting, won by J. Mesmer; silver spoons, won by P. Tussiger; large doll, won by Mr. Dillon; silver soup tureen, won by Miss Gleason; fancy table, won by Mrs. Carson; chair, won by Mr. Schumacher; photograph of Fr. F. Verdaguer, won by Mrs. Maurizio; dinner set, won by T. Bowan; painted dog's head, won by Mr. Fitz Williams. These articles await their owners at the Sisters' school.

A Union Veteran Gone.

Jonathan Burwell, a veteran of the war, died at his residence, 18 Sixth street, at 6 o'clock Friday evening. He will be buried at 2 p. m. to-day. He was a member of Stanton Post, G. A. R., which will turn out at the funeral.

THE BIG BLAST.

A Mighty Charge of Dynamite Exploded

UNDER THE WATERS OF HELL GATE.

General Newton's Little Daughter Again Plays Engineer—Nine Acres of Rock Blown to Atoms.

Associated Press Dispatches to The Times.

New York, Oct. 10.—The 380,000 pounds of dynamite under Flood Rock, Hell Gate, have just been exploded. The shock was plainly felt at the lower end of Manhattan Island. All points on the shore from which Flood Rock could be seen were densely packed with people. At precisely 11:10 o'clock the earth trembled and the bosom of the river was pierced with a mighty upheaval of rocks and timbers. Up went the glittering masses of water, until it seemed as if they would never stop. At a height of 200 feet the uplifted waters paused and fell back again to the river. Mary Newton, the 11-year-old daughter of Gen. Newton, who as chief engineer has conducted the operations at Hell Gate since the start, touched the button that set free the electric current that exploded the submarine mines and shattered the mountain of rock, lifting it out of the bosom of the sea and crushing it into a million fragments. The shock of the collapse was felt only slightly on the Astoria shore, and the noise resembled far-distant subterranean thunder. Immediately after the explosion fire broke out in the wreck and burned lustily amid the seething waters. As far as it was possible to judge from the position and appearance of the wreck, the explosion has been an entire success, though for the present the vicinity of the blasted rock will be even more dangerous than heretofore until the wreck has been removed.

Flood Rock covered an area of nine acres. From the shaft, galleries and tunnels, which were excavated, there were taken 80,000 cubic feet of stone, leaving a honeycombed mass of 275,000 cubic feet, which was blown up. The shaft was fifty-six feet deep from the top of the rock. From its base there were twenty-four galleries or tunnels, extending in every direction a total distance of four miles. The average in length was seventy feet and in height eight feet, the rock above these galleries ranging in thickness from sixty to two hundred feet. In these galleries were chambers from four to five feet apart, in which explosive cartridges were imbedded. There were 13,000 of these cartridges in position, which if stretched out in a line would cover a distance of twenty-two miles. These explosives were two and one-half inches in diameter and nine inches long. The mine was fired by what is known as the electric and sympathetic processes. The main galleries were charged with explosives, which were connected by a copper wire with a land battery located on Hallett's Point, a distance of 1000 feet from Flood Rock. A simple pressure of the finger on the button of the battery fired the initial charge in the galleries, and the concussion exploded the canisters in the chambers by sympathy. The original estimate for the work of improving Hell Gate channel was $6,139,126. Up to the present time about $2,500,000 has been expended. The work on Flood Rock alone amounts to a round million. The total cost of removing the broken rock after the explosion is estimated at $600,000.

RESULT OF THE BLAST.

The only accident reported in connection with the explosion was the burning of General Newton slightly on the neck by a piece of fuse attached to a photographic camera. The engineers, of whom General Newton was chief, did not, as was expected, make a thorough examination of the work done by the explosion this afternoon. A tugboat, with a few persons on board, cruised about in the vicinity of the explosion, but no soundings were taken. The work of surveying the bed of the river will be commenced at once, and it will not be known for some days what survey is made, just what the effect has been. One of the engineers, to-night, in speaking of the work done by the dynamite and "rendrock," said that so far as his observation had extended, the explosion was eminently a success. Flood Rock was not buried out of sight. It sank perhaps three or four feet, and that was all. Some had affirmed that the river would be so broken up and jagged with rocks that the middle channel would be impassable until the debris was removed. Such did not prove the fact. The sound steamers experienced no difficulty whatever in making their trips through the channel. If the work of the electric current failed at any point to discharge the cartridges, it was probably under the rock known as "Big Gar Rock," opposite the electric light-stand on Hallett's Point. The keeper of the light, who watched the upheaval of the waters, said that the water in that point was not disturbed. It might be, however, that he was mistaken. The engineer felt confident that an examination of the bottom of the river would show that the rocks were shattered into fragments.

The captain of the lighthouse boat John Rogers after the explosion said: "We were to buoy the scene of the explosion after it occurred, if necessary. We found at the south end of the island six fathoms of water, on the west end three or four fathoms. There were three or four feet of water there before this. We did not find it necessary to buoy the place at all, and the main channel is entirely clear, so that the explosion is a success, and vessels can pass without any fear."

THE GAS WELL AGAIN.

Astoria, L. I., Oct. 10.—To obtain a scientific opinion of the explosion that Professor Newton's associated Press representative interviewed Captain Mercur, of the United State Engineer Corps, who formerly had charge of the Flood Rock work. Captain Mercur says: "I am perfectly satisfied that the explosion was a success. It has accomplished all that was anticipated by those in charge of the work. Of course people who expected to see the whole nine acres of rock blown skyward and fall back into the water in a cobblestones, were disappointed. We did not expect that to occur. In my opinion the rock is in just such condition as will render its removal easy. Of course until surveys are made it will not be known how the under-parts

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A Prose Poem.

It is astonishing how many kaleidoscopic changes nature presents to us in the space between the sunrise and the sunset hours. If you get up early in the morning and go out upon the hills, you will see a very different Los Angeles from what appears after the sun is up nearer the zenith. There is, with the full dawn, a wide, far-reaching landscape which has just stolen out from the shadows, dewy and fresh, with not a sound afloat upon the still air, save that of the full chorus of birds, or the crow of the cock. The clear, transparent atmosphere seems to have lifted the curtains of illimitable distance; you see, across the wide extended plains, the sea like a silver mirror; you peer into the far-off mountain cañons, and see their outstanding walls, and the cool emerald of their thousand trees. The mighty mountains array themselves in kingly purple, while their summits glow with their golden crown of sunshine. The distant meadows draw near in the clearer outline, and distinctly photographed you behold a thousand objects which in the glare of noon are hidden, and which the glowing afternoon conceals. Nature delights in this beautiful vision of the morning, and in those early lights she glorifies all things.

As the sun creeps higher, climbing the steeps of ether, Nature draws around the grand perspective a thin, impalpable veil. The far-off distances grow shy and coy, and half hide themselves away. The mountain cañons, with their sierra-like tips, are partially concealed. The stir of life begins. You hear the shrill whistles of locomotive and workshop threading their way through the silence. The echoes travel the streets and come sounding up along the hilltops. Life is everywhere represented by motion. The breeze stirs orchard and vineyard. The flowers nod their perfumed heads and yield delicious odors. The tinkling fountains sound like silver bells, and doves and swallows flutter their wings in the sunshine. The lizard seeks the rock and bathes himself in the warm glow of light. Bug and bee and butterfly are astir. The fleas spread gauzy wings and float along their unseen pathways. All the world is awake, and Noon lies dreaming on the hillsides, veiled by the softest of hazy curtains. Then comes the afternoon creeping down towards the golden sunset. The shadows stretch themselves like sleepy giants, and the hum of busy life grows faint and fainter. The sun, as he steals into the West, puts on his kingliest garments. The mountains glow beneath the rain of sunset kisses, and blush as if the warmth and tenderness of youth were throbbing in their strong hearts. The banners of the departing day are spread in crimson folds across the West, and soon a breath like the charp of crickets, and the drowsy stir of leaves, as the evening breeze steals out and wakes them into tremulous motion. Then slowly pales the sunset amber, and in the azure curtains of the west shines eve's first star, and lo! the day is done.

A Wonderful Growth.

H. Latham, Secretary of the Northern Immigration Association, in writing to the Placer Herald, groups the following statistics, which makes a fair showing of the almost phenomenal growth of Los Angeles county and city during the past few years: In 1878, there were in that county 5850 acres of vines; in 1883, there were 20,000 acres. The wine product had increased in the same years from 1,696,000 to 4,000,000 gallons; the brandy product from 65,000 gallons to 256,000; orange trees from 103,500 to 526,000; the production of barley from 350,600 bushels to 2,000,000 bushels; and wheat from 75,000 bushels to 1,500,000 bushels. In 1881, the green fruit shipped from Southern California was 111,100; in 1883, it was 5,918,660 pounds. The city of Los Angeles increased in population from 11,000 in 1880, to 30,000 in 1884. In two years' time, fifteen churches, costing $175,000; schools and colleges to the value of $146,000; factories, aggregating in cost $225,000; one hundred stores, at a cost of $1,500,000; and 2,000 residences, aggregating $2,500,000, were all built in that city. It would seem that it is impossible to add to the above as a lesson for the northern counties of the State. It is not believed that all the money spent in advertising Southern California has amounted to $20,000. Their increase in wealth has been more than $40,000,000. Every $500 invested in printer's ink has brought a return of $1,000,000.

TOLEDO rejoices over the discovery of natural gas. It would not be strange if Los Angeles had in her vicinity the same stuff in quantities. It it proves to be so, its development could be made a source of profit.

JUDGE HAGER, the new Collector of the port of San Francisco, will enter upon his duties November 1st. Collector Sears will resume the practice of law in San Francisco.

THE movement of Northerners on Florida has begun. Sand, fleas and alligators come high, but the rich Northerner must have them.

The State Horticultural Convention.

The County Pomological Society has given a pledge of its usefulness in assuming the responsibility of receiving the members of the State Board of Horticulture and visitors to the State Horticultural Convenaion to be held in this city on the 16th of November. A meeting of the reception committee was held on Friday, the proceedings of which appeared in the local columns of the TIMES yesterday. The principal steps taken were the appointment of an auxiliary committee in each of the towns and settlements of this county and in the principal towns of San Bernardino, San Diego, Santa Barbara and Ventura counties. The co-operation of these counties and of horticulturists generally in Southern California is invited, to the end that the visitors may be given a hearty reception and that the convention may prove a success.

The Grand Opera House has been secured for the assemblages of the convention, and Opera House Hall will be devoted to an exhibition of fruits and flowers. Of course, the middle of November will not be a favorable time for a fruit exhibit, but our horticulturists could make a showing of winter apples alone that would astonish the natives. Then there is the whole line of dried, canned and candied fruits, and what not, that will fill out a creditable exhibit. For a wind-up to the convention it is proposed to give a banquet, in which our citizens may feast and speed the parting guests.

The reputation of Southern California for hospitality and as a progressive part of a fruit-growing commonwealth is at stake in this matter, and it is to be hoped that our people will do themselves proud. When Los Angeles was determined upon as the place for holding the convention in question, some rater severe criticisms were indulged in by a few bigoted newspapers and narrow-minded people who thought a State institution should not wander so far away from the capital, and who predicted that no good thing could come out of this Nazareth of Southern California.

It is the promise of the people of the southern counties to show that the appointment of the convention here was not in vain.

THE Chicago Inter Ocean strongly states the case as follows: "If every saloon in Illinois was compelled to pay an even $1,000 license it would not one-half liquidate the debt annually assessed upon other tax-payers to support the paupers and protect society from the criminals which the saloon educates. Jails and station cells, penitentiaries and poor-houses would, in great measure, be tenantless were it not for the demon of drink. Even all this is a small part of the distressing picture, when we see the multitude of homes of poverty, and hungry and ignorant children, and the wives with faces hopeless as seen in no other than drunkards' homes. And yet there are men who talk about "personal liberty," and "the right to buy and sell" whisky as they would flour and potatoes, and complain of the injustice of making the saloon bear any portion of the great expense it imposes upon the public."

THE colored people of Vicksburg have determined to erect a $50,000 monument to commemorate emancipation.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, shows on its registry of voters 5000 less names than last fall.

TRIFLES OF THE TIMES.

A GAY SCENE.

A girl stood by the gate
When it was very late,
And all the stars were hid,
And this is what she did:

Over the gate she leaned,
By the tall gate-post screened,
To kiss her lover's lips—
When something gave him fits.

I'm sure that he was heeled—
And O, the way he squeezed!
When the stern father's boot
Did like chastising shoot.

It struck him right aback,
And then the father laughed
When, without being kissed,
That brave young man was missed.

When Henry Watterson takes particular pains to say "phenomena," how the star-eyed goddess must shriek!—[Columbus Dispatch.

Grading was commenced last spring on Olive street, between Courtmouse and Temple. We are strongly in hopes that the child is born who will see the work completed.

A movement has been started in Canada against the Chinese. The smallpox and American bank cashiers maintain their usual popularity.—[Ohio State Journal.

This is an apple, large and round,
At the top of the barrel always found.

This is the apple, small and mean,
Always at the bottom seen.—[Ex.

There can be no further question as to the mental condition of Vice-President Hendricks, for it is said that he always used to kiss his mother-in-law before going to bed.

Some of the mistakes made in the pronunciation of the name of the great actress Janauschek by some of our Los Angeleans are enough to shake the sides of a horse-car with laughter.

The oft-disputed question "Why do cyclones destroy churches and leave saloons?" should be referred to Henry Ward Beecher, for he has more practical knowledge about the working of wind instruments than any other man in the world. Tell us, Henry.

CURRENT NOTES.

It will take three months and $2000 to mount Jumbo.

In England the freight trains will average a speed of twenty-five miles an hour.

Nashville is a Democratic city, but its two candidates for Mayor are Republicans.

In far-away Madras, India, the municipal authorities have conferred the right of suffrage upon women.

The average income of the 509 lords of England is $120,000 each. Their gross income is over $75,000,000.

The "Big Woods" of Minnesota well deserve the name, for they cover 5000 square miles, or 3,200,000 acres of surface.

The Baltimore Grand Jury reports that the introduction of the whipping-post to punish wife-beaters has had a salutary effect.

According to New York gossip, Mrs. Frank Leslie has decided not to buy that title, having broken her engagement with the Marquis de Leuville.

[For SUNDAY TIMES.]

The Trouble About Caroline.

What is this trouble all about
'Twixt Wilhelm and Alfonso?
Wherefore this thrilling battle shout
And gleaming swords, half drawn so?

Is Caroline so young and fair,
Of such a peerless beauty,
That all their vows to forget are
Of love and faith and duty?

O, Wilhelm, Wilhelm, fie, for shame!
Are, then, her charms grown musty,
And dimmed the halo of her name—
Your grand, august "August-y?"

And your Infanta, great Alfonso,
With her what is the matter?
Who late presented to your Dons
An infant on a platter!

Some mischief sure they'll soon be at,
And go to pulling lazyards—
These jolly lager Dutchmen fat
And cholera-le Spaniards!

ALBERT F. KERCHEVAL.

Los Angeles, October, 1885.

THE SAUNTERER.

I was on board one of our street cars the other day, when an elderly, plainly-dressed woman attempted to pass out. Hands and arms were full of bundles and in her haste to get out she dropped one or two, and in trying to pick them up she let fall one or two more. The driver turned and watched her a moment impatiently, and then called out, "Hurry up, old gal!" A little farther on the car stopped again, and a pretty young girl with two small packages entered the car by way of the front platform. "Allow me to assist you with your bundles," said the driver, most graciously. But I set that driver down as no gentleman, for all that. The true gentleman's politeness does not depend upon circumstances, and no conditions of age or poverty affect it.

* *

I saw a miniature funeral the other day. A pet bird had died, and the children of the house were burying it. In a small pasteboard box, draped with a bit of black, the silent little singer lay. The box had been placed in a tiny cart owned by one of the boys, and had been drawn up beside the small grave dug in the garden. Two little girls stood by, the tears filling their blue eyes, as the boys lifted the small box and carried it gently toward the grave. When that was reached, the box was lowered and the earth shoveled in, when the dimpled hands of the girls smoothed off the little mound and covered it with flowers. "Don't you think God will make birdie an angel, just as he did papa when we planted him?" asked the youngest of her sister. "If I thought he would I wouldn't cry," she added, as she wiped the tears, which lay like rain upon her rosy cheeks. Heaven is not far off to such as her.

* *

The Saunterer was taking a ride upon the street cars one day last week. On board was an elderly, sharp featured lady, who, about a block's distance from the place where she wished to alight, rose abruptly, clutched the bell-strap, and stood ready to ring when the car should reach the next corner. But when the car reached there she jerked the strap violently, but the bell would not ring. Once, twice, three times did she make frantic efforts, but still no sound. Then with a swift stride of Napoleonic determination she rushed to the front platform, reached up and seized the strap over the driver's head and gave it such a strong, sudden jerk as sent the echoes of that bell ringing through the car as if they had been called to judgment. The way that driver looked up at the bell, then turned and looked at the woman, and as he recovered, put on the breaks, was as good as a circus. The woman turned round, smiled her triumph as the car stopped, and alighted with the air of some conquering hero.

* *

Ladies sometimes forget to extend the simple courtesy to gentlemen which common politeness would dictate. At the Grand Opera House the other evening a gentleman was compelled to leave before the play was finished. Two ladies, elegantly dressed, were sitting between him and the aisle, and, in order to pass out, he was compelled to pass in front of them. This they treated as an indignity, and faced him with frowns that, had he been a timid youth, would have been sufficient to have led him to take his seat again.

This was not nice of you, ladies; it was not womanly. You cannot expect to receive consideration if you do not extend it yourselves. Be womanly; let it with this the greatest outward adornment will not lead men to recognize in you the true lady.

* *

The Saunterer would like to say to some of the drivers employed in hauling dirt on the streets, that bones piled up by the highway stones and kicks and brutal arguments for you to use when your patient, overloaded horses halt in pulling up a steep grade. When such arguments are resorted to, there is no question as to which is the brute.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Huxley suffers from insomnia.

Pope Leo's expenses are only $2 a day.

Lady Tennyson is in a state of ill health and causes her friends great anxiety.

The Prince of Wales used to be very bashful when he was a young man. He doesn't blush so easily now as then.

An Iowa woman has named her twin daughters Gladstone and Salisbury. This is making light of a serious matter.

Dr. Mary Walker has been mistaken for a woman twelve times. She says she has had that many offers of marriage.

John McCullough, the demented actor, is reported so weak as to require the assistance of an attendant in walking about.

The Misses Green, of Atlanta, ladies of literary and artistic culture, are making a collection of negro songs and setting them to music.

Thin-Robe-Inside-Out is the name of an Indian agent in the West. When he visits Boston he will be spoken of as Mr. Reversed Duster.

Mrs. A. T. Stewart will entertain in her marble palace, in New York, the coming winter, for the first time since the death of her husband.

Mrs. Tabor, the first wife of Colorado's millionaire, has probably more money at her command now than her former husband. She is set down for $2,000,000.

A Huntingdon Spiritualist states that his twelve-year-old daughter, though ignorant of the German language, recently spoke fluently in that tongue while being possessed with the spirit of German.

The New York Republican Ticket.

Omaha Republican: The ticket seems to present the right sort of strength for a fight on principles.

New York Sun: This is a pretty strong ticket and the Democrats will have to do their best in order to be sure of beating it.

Philadelphia Times: The New York Republican Convention has put forward a very respectable ticket upon a platform of more than the usual comprehensiveness.

Philadelphia Press: The platform is direct, pointed and progressive. It plants the Republicans of New York on advanced ground, and demonstrates that the party is moving forward.

Pittsburg Commercial-Gazette: The ticket and the platform are alike sound and acceptable, and the work of the convention, so well performed, will be enthusiastically ratified at the polls.

Buffalo Courier (Dem.): The leading nominations are of such a character as to render certain the prompt acceptance of the ticket by all branches of the party without a bolt or hostile criticism.

New York Tribune: We have named this the winning ticket. It will win because it deserves to win. The convention responded to the highest requirements, and the voters will ratify its action at the polls.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: This is not a good year for platforms, but this is capital of its kind. The most interesting thing about the Republican ticket in New York is the strong probability that it will be elected.

Unhappy Mrs. Sartoris.

From the Denver (Col.) Opinion.]

The papers have been dumb about the Sartoris matter. The truth is that the only reason why the separation has not been completeted between Nellie Grant and her husband, has been because of her inability to obtain possession of her three children. Sartoris has been brutal in his treatment of her, and she does not want to live with him. If the children ever get to this side of the water they will never be allowed to go back again. If Mrs. Sortoris gets possession of them, she will probably, after the mourning in the Grant family ends, bring suit for a divorce from the brutal, unappreciative creature she married. This marriage was the regret of Grant's life. This is not gossip, but a plain statement of fact.

SPECIMEN OFFICIALS.

The Coroner and Sub-Treasurer at San Francisco

SUBJECTS OF ADVERSE CRITICISM.

A Correspondent at the City of the Golden Gate Writes the "Times" a Newsy Letter.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—There is a man in this city who should certainly be an unnoticed piece of humanity, but who is, at the present time, attracting universal attention, in fact, is the cynosure of all eyes. He is looked at in contempt by the wise and worshipped by the ignorant. The individual in question even holds a public office of responsibility. He is a person to whom notoriety is a necessity, and he has become so notorious in the last two years by his demagogic actions that his name is as well known to the mutuitude as that of our President.

C. C. O'Donnell, Coroner of San Francisco, is causing so much trouble here, that it will inevitably not be long before he is suppressed altogether. There is no telling what may happen through this man's movements. Every Sunday afternoon he gathers about him at the new City Hall from 1000 to 1500 of his followers—a class of men similar to those who broke out in sympathetic lawlessness here, when, in 1877, the railroad riots were going on in Pennsylvania. To these people, to whom he refers as his "glorious army," he now preaches that they should immediately organize into companies, secure arms and ammunition, and "at the tap of the drum be ready to move." In his speech at the sand lot, Sunday, he said:

"NOW IS THE TIME ME FOR WAR.

War to the knife, from the knife to the hilt. They have started in Eureka, they have started in Wyoming, they have started in Washington Territory; the pagans are flooding our city, and 'Frisco must be the battlefield." This incendiary talk was received with shouts of enthusiastic applause by his ignorant audience.

The Coroner is at the head of everything that has for an object the banishment of the Chinese, but it is doubtful if he would ever lead the organization on to war. He is "all talk;" he can promise and advise, but he will not perform. He can, however, move his followers to commit disturbances, destroy property and disgrace a place. O'Donnell is a self-nominated candidate for Governor of California. At his headquarters—the Morgan House is flowing posters stuck up in conspicuous places bearing large pictures of himself, and each contains the following inscription in large black letters: "Anti-Chinese, anti-monopoly, anti-corporation, anti-everything." Two weeks ago he commenced the publication of a large fourpage weekly paper, which is called The Anti-Coolie Dynamite. O'Donnell says he will edit it himself, and will trust it to no one else. The first number contained a column and a half of original matter, which advocated the Coroner for Governor.

Chief of Police Crowley said the other day, that he will not permit O'Donnell to carry on much longer as he has, for he believes the man's speeches will lead to trouble, turmoil and such mischief as can only originate with the class of people who infest the sand lot.

THE PRESIDENT'S MISTAKE.

President Cleveland has not made many federal appointments in California as yet, but those who have been fortunate enough to be favored with a slice of the delicious political pie have all, without exception, proved unsatisfactory. A short time ago the nation's chief appointed S. M. Brooks, of San Bernardino, as sub-Treasurer for this city. Since the gentleman's occupancy of the position he has created great dissatisfaction. His manner is extremely frigid toward all comers to his office, and he acts in such a manner, if he does condescend to listen, as to give one a lasting unfavorable impression. Mr. Brooks never allows any of his subordinates to perform any work, or complete it, without he knows everything about it; and he is continually poring into their labors, as though they were a lot of little six-year-old children, whose every movement had to be watched.

The Sub-Treasurer is particularly hostile toward newspaper reporters and newspaper men in general. Why, or what causes this hostility, is not so well known. One thing, however, is his repellant air that would make it decidedly unbecoming the dignity of his position. To give a reporter's words: "Well, the Sub-Treasurer is a queer man, anyhow. I attempted to get an interview with him, hoping to meet with the same success as I had had with the other 'Frisco appointees. I went down to the office, told the doorkeeper that I represented the press, and desired to see Mr. Brooks. 'You cannot see him to-day,' was the laconic answer I received, and nothing more could I get out of the man. Next day I went and asked for Assistant Sub-Treasurer Dozier. Expressed my desire again, and, after a little skirmishing, I worked the fellow up so that, hoping to be rid of my presence, he exclaimed: 'Well, I've got special orders that, if any reporters come around these quarters inquiring for the boss, why I'm to tell them that they cannot see him. That's all. Good day!'

So you see, contrary to expectations, I was baffled.

There are a number of stories current about Mr. Brooks' mode of carrying on things, and few people who have come in contact with him speak anyways favorably of him. To use the unanimous opinion of the community, the President made a mistake when he selected the gentleman from San Bernardino for such an important trust as Sub-Treasurer of San Francisco.

MARTIN AND MAY.

Love and hatred, as everyone knows, are the greatest extremes imaginable. It takes months and years to cultivate love for a person (except when it is a case at first sight), but with great rapidity one's love can turn to hatred. An evidence of this is shown in the latest reigning sensation and gossip of the Golden City. The reference is to the fiendish act of May Jackson, who on the 21st ult., threw the contents of a bottle of vitriol into Martin Faller's face. There was a young woman, whose cup of love brimmed to overflowing for him who was making her the victim of a cruel deception. And when that deception was made known to her, how wrathfully she overturned the brimming cup, and quising herself as a serpent, like the latter, threw out her fangs and stung her deceiver nearly unto death.

Faller has been prostrated nearly three weeks, but is now convalescent, and rapidly recovering. He was a very handsome man, and what made him particularly attractive was his possession of a fine, graceful, flowing moustache. But now he will present a miserable sight until his wounds are completely healed.

The case came up for trial in court on Wednesday, and as the plaintiff was unable to appear, it was postponed until the wounded man will be in suitable condition to take the stand.

NOTES.

A whale, nearly thirty feet long, has been on exhibition on the ocean beach about a week. Sunday was a cold, gloomy day, but over 10,000 people left the city to go out and see Jonah's friend.

Our sister city, Oakland, is becoming quite a naughty place, as its record of late has been somewhat appalling. Four murders in two months shows pretty active work.

Compilers of San Francisco's history can now put down the ocean beach as a historical place. In a very short period a wreck has occurred, a mounted sword contest has been fought and won, and a whale been washed ashore. To make the spot more interesting a marine battle ought to happen along.

There is a movement on foot here to erect a large building in Golden Gate Park, which will be used as a concert hall.

JOE NAY.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

[This is the TIMES-MIRROR'S Public Forum. Those who would stand thereon must first give the editor their real names and be responsible for their opinions and statements. Cultivate brevity, clearness of style and timeliness; write on live topics, and use one side of the sheet only.]

Card from R. B. Young.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: In your report of the Council proceedings of Tuesday last, a communication appeared purporting to be from the Grand Jury, but it really came from O. Morgan. You term this a sharp criticism. I would term it the evidence of an ungentlemanly, jealous and incompetent rival in business.

First—This communication finds fault because the building is located on the city line. This cannot possibly be an injury to the building, as no trouble can ever arise from the location.

Second—As regarding the plan of the jail, his statement is false and malicious, as the building is so arranged that the city is saving the expense of employing a janitor and jailor, or paying for the board of the prisoners, which is a net saving of $3000 per annum. It also affords room for all the city needs for some time to come.

Third—In regard to his false statement that the cells are badly ventilated, the fact is that each cell in the building has an open iron grate window 2x3 feet, and also an open grate ventilator in each door of twenty inches. The building contains five cells and one large room for male prisoners. Also a separate room for female prisoners. Each of the cells contains a well-ventilated water-closet, and wash basin, also an iron bedstead. To light and ventilate the jail building there are five large skylights and five large windows with iron gratings. There are two open gratedoors in the halls, and altogether it will be seen that there is more ventilation and light than in any building of the same number of apartments in the city. There is no possibility of bad air (even if there was any) passing into other rooms through the police department, as there are no openings leading from the jail to the police station or upper rooms, except through a "one quarter" solid iron door, which is always locked.

Fourth—In regard to the charge that the engine-house is badly lighted, badly ventilated and badly ventilated, it is sufficient to say that in no part of the building has a person any trouble in reading, and, as regards ventilation, the firemen complain of the coolness of the air.

The last and most incompetent accusation refers to the sewerage. Each branch of the sewer leading from the main pipe is trapped, and has a four-inch cast-iron vent-pipe extending two feet above the roof, and then every waste-pipe has the best trap in the market. Morgan charges that the large size of the ostch-basin allows the water to become stagnant. The most ignorant man ought to know better. As the sewer in the engine-house is flowing continually, the water could not become stagnant, even if the basin was larger than it is. The catch-basin to a horse-barn must necessarily be large, so that it can be kept clean.

In conclusion I would call the attention of the public to the unfitness of O. Morgan to investigate any building for the Grand Jury. In proof, I call your attention to the building adjoining the City Hall lot, which was planned and erected under the superintendence of this self-styled able architect. Part of it had to be taken down and rebuilt, at an expense of about $1000 to the owner, before the city authorities would allow anybody to occupy the same. In regard to his ability as a sanitary architect, the new block in the Nadeau block, which has cost the owner a large sum to remedy defects in the plumbing; also to the Schumacher block, and two blocks on the east side of South Spring street, which cost a certain able doctor, who is an expert in sanitary science, over $1000 for sickness in his family, by badly arranged plumbing. I will advise those interested in building before they engage O. Morgan to call on D. Stern for useful information, or the tenants in the vicinity of a few blocks where he has been the architect.

R. B. YOUNG, Architect,
Rooms 5 and 6, Nadeau Block.
Los Angeles, Oct. 10.

County Agricultural Association.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: This association is composed of men who never do things by halves. Among the names of the stockholders are those of the Hon. E. F. Spence, John G. Downey, Hellman, Haas & Co., Col. E. E. Edwards, Judge Crawford, Jotham Bixby & Co., Hon. A. Coffman and a hundred others equally as reliable. Under the control of such men there should be no doubt of a grand success. DOWSEY.

Law and Order League.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: I would suggest the immediate formation of a league as above entitled, to look after the so-called "League of Freedom," to see that our laws and the recent saloon ordinance are enforced, and to aid and assist our constituted authorities by material means if necessary. Such a league need not necessarily include or exclude prohibitionists and ultra temperance reformers, but should and will embrace hundreds of our best citizens, who, while reserving the right to take a drink when they see fit so to do, yet believe in the right of regulating the liquor traffic. Let all such citizens also ascertain the names of respectable liquor dealers who propose to respect law and the ordinance, and patronize no others.

LAW AND ORDER.

EAST LOS ANGELES.

Strange Accident to a Horse—Other Items.

Each day we witness more and more activity on our streets. There is a general inquiry after houses to rent, and nearly all the cottages on this side are now occupied, and still there are calls for more.

Messrs. Lombager and Lowell have a large force of men at work on the two new stores which they are erecting on Downey avenue.

William Hews has bought a one-half interest in the real estate firm of Addison & Palmer, Mr. Palmer retiring.

Mrs. Stanwood, who has lately recovered from a severe illness, will spend a few weeks with friends and relatives in Pasadena.

Thomas Whitten, late from England, who has been spending two months on this side, has gone to San Gorgonio to assist in the management of the Summit House.

R. W. Pierce and Peter Potts, in company with several real estate men from town, left yesterday for a few days' visit to San Gorgonio Heights, to look after their land interests there.

A narrow escape from death by choking occurred on Sunday evening. About midnight one of the hostlers employed by Pierce Bros., liverymen, was awakened by an unusual kicking and noise in one of the stalls. On getting out and procuring a light, he found the white-faced horse, known as "Joker," in a very indignified and perilous position. He was down in his stall, with mouth widely open, into which was one of his hind feet nearly to the fetlock. How this could have occurred is still a mystery, but with a desperate struggling he was unable to extricate the foot from his mouth. The hostler called for help, and while one used a pry to still further open the mouth, the united efforts of two men pulling at the hind leg were barely able to free the foot from the mouth. The teeth had cut deep into the flesh above the hoof. This story may seem "fishy," but it is a verified fact. The horse which came so nearly meeting his death in such an unaccountable manner is hardly able to hobble out of his stall.

Another industry of Southern California has lately started in East Los Angeles—the manufacture of compressed yeast, an article which is extensively used in baking, and which has heretofore been manufactured in and shipped from San Francisco.

WELLINGTON.

Encourage Home Industries

That increase the value of your real estate. Every person who has a dollar in land, or buildings, should know that in the petroleum industries of our county lie the future greatness of this city. The Oil Burning and Supply Company, with their Edwards oil burners, are increasing the demand for our petroleum product, and giving to the public a fuel unequaled by any other. Be wise, therefore, and buy an Edwards oil burner.

***

Coal Oil for White Seals

Is sure and efficient; 12½ cents per gallon. 111 W. First st.

***

The Flower Festival Society's Bureau of Information.

Nadeau block, Spring street entrance. All women needing employment and persons wishing to employ women are invited to leave their names at this office. Also those who wish to rent rooms and those having rooms for rent are requested to call. Telephone No. 170. Mrs. M. B. Horton, Manager.

***

Electro-Magnetism, the New Means of Cure.

Dr. E. Robbins' Electro-Magnetic Institute, corner First and Spring streets, entrance on First street, is now fitted up, at considerable expense, with everything that is necessary to cure chronic and so-called incurable diseases, by the most improved appliances in the world. Turkish and Russian baths; also electric sulphur baths. Dr. Robbins has had several years' experience in the Australian colonies, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Denver, and three years in Los Angeles, and hundreds of leading citizens can testify to the wonderful effects of electricity in curing cases of chronic diseases when all else had failed, and therefore all persons suffering should try this new remedy, as it is surprising all hope. After every treatment the patients are treated with the Massage treatment, by persons of their own sex. The Doctor diagnoses diseases without explanation from the patient, free of charge. His office hours are 8 till 12, 1 to 5, 7 to 9.

***

Gentlemen's clothes cleaned or dyed and repaired at short notice at MARTEEN'S, No. 9 Aliso street.

***

Why a Workingman Should Buy an Edwards Oil Burner.

It is cheaper than any other fuel.
It makes a quicker and better fire.
It saves you buying a new stove.
It saves splitting kindling, building fires and packing out ashes. And last, but not least, it makes a smiling wife to greet you on your return home from your day's work.

***

The W. C. T. U. meets every Thursday, at 2½ p. m., at Presbyterian church, corner Second and Fort streets.

***

Emu Bound.

A. Phillips & Co.'s next Iparty East leaves November 8th. Address A. Phillips & Co., 341 North Main street, Los Angeles.

***

Molasses chewing peppermints, caramels and other home-made candies a specialty at Gardner's, 320 North Main street.

***

Running sixteen hours a day to accommodate the great rush and increasing business at No. 9 Aliso street.

***

Wall Paper Decorating.

J. Harry Conlan, No. 13 Spring street.

***

Skillful, reliable and thoroughly scientific dyers at the Great American Dye House, No. 9 Aliso street.

***

Dr. Nat Chaw during my absence will take my office and practice, and I commend him to my patrons. I will resume my practice on my return in September. DR. WONG, 36 Upper Main street.

Church Notices.

To insure insertion in the SUNDAY TIMES, *all notices of a religious character must be legibly written and correct, stating the facts in as few words as possible. Notices should be sent in from every week—as none will be kept standing, except of the inability to error—and must reach this office before nine o'clock on Saturday night.*

CHURCH OF THE UNITY, MASONIC Hall, next block south of the Nadeau. At 11 a. m., Harvest Thanksgiving services. Sermon by Dr. Stebbins, of San Francisco.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, TEMPLE STREET, near Fort.—F. M. Kirkham, pastor. Services both morning and evening at 11 and 7 o'clock. Sunday-free.

GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL—The SOCIETY OF Spiritualists meets every Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Prof. J. S. Loveland, lecturer.

THIRD CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, (Railroad Chapel) cor. Railroad and Chaves streets.—Preaching in the evening at 7 o'clock, by Rev. M. L. Boucher. Sabbath-school at 9:30 p. m. Ice Cream Social, Tuesday evening; admission to the latter, 10 cents.

BAPTIST CHURCH.—SERVICES AT 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Baptism at the close of evening services. Strangers cordially invited.

VERNON CHURCH OF CHRIST.—Rev. F. A. Field, pastor. Sunday-school meets in the Vernon Schoolhouse at 10:30 a. m. Preaching at 11:00. Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m. Praise and Gospel meetings Sunday and Wednesday nights at 7:30. Evening meetings will, for the present, be held at house of the pastor, on Central avenue.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH.—J. B. Tombee, D. D., pastor. Services at the Third Street Rink every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

Miscellaneous Orders.

Magnolia Division, No. 91.

MEETS EVERY FIRST AND THIRD Tuesday evening each month in Pythian Hall, in uniform, for drill. By order of J. T. RICHARDSON, S. K. Recorder.

Ancient Order Forresters.

MEETINGS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING in Caledonia Hall. Brothers in good standing cordially invited to attend. 8238 t

Real Estate.

POMEROY & MILLS,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, LOANS NEGOtiated. Notaries Public. Office cor. of Spring and Court streets opposite Court House.

Amusements.

AGRICULTURAL PARK.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 11, AT 2 P. M.

MONSTER

MOUNTED SWORD CONTEST

Between the World's Champion,

Duncan C. Ross, and

Colonel J. D. O'Brien

For $500 and two-thirds of the gate receipts.

This will be the most exciting sporting event ever witnessed in Los Angeles.

The public will remember that the contest at Woodward's Gardens on Sept. 27 drew 23,000 spectators.

ADMISSION.....50c
Children under 12.....25c

Cars and special express will run direct to the gate.

J. C. SEYMOUR, General Manager.
oct 3t C. H. WEBB, Local Manager.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

McLAIN & LEHMAN.....LESSEES.

THE MONARCHS FOR THE MULTITUDES

One Week!

Commencing MONDAY, Oct. 12, and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

HAVERLY'S

AMERICAN-EUROPEAN

MINSTRELS.

The Greatest, the Grandest, Most Extensive, Most Elaborate, the Very Best Combination the World Ever Saw, including the

Marvelous Cragg Family.

A straw that can tickle a man is the instrument of pleasure.

Box Office open for the sale of seats Friday morning at 10 o'clock.
No extra charge for reserved seats.

DRESS CIRCLE AND PARQUET.....$1 00
GALLERY.....50
oct12

VIENNA GARDEN.

Family Theatre, Spring st., near Third.
FRANK LaVARNIE, Proprietor and Manager.

IMMENSE SUCCESS.

House Crowded with the Elite,
A Public Want supplied,
A Home Theatre for Families.

Grand Dramatic Performance Every Night.

Admission.....25 cents.
Reserved Seats.....35 cents.
Children.....10 cents.
Performance over at 10:30. Carriages at 10. oct 7f

THIRD STREET SKATING RINK.

THREE SESSIONS DAILY.

SAMUEL C. SYMONDS, PROPRIETOR. oct9tf

CLUB THEATRE.

PERRY BROS.....SOLE PROPRIETORS

Monday Evening, September 14th,

A New and Startling Sensation,

THE JAMES BOYS,

With New Scenery, Sensational Situations and Grand Tableaux.

HOLMES GROVER, Jr., and MAT DeLOME in the leading characters.

Prices the same as usual.
aug5 tf ED. PERRY, Manager.

Physicians.

W. G. COCHRAN, M.D., 132 South Olive st. Telephone 356. R. H. MAYNARD, M.D., 26 Tenth st. Telephone 387.

Drs. Maynard Cochran,

OFFICE OVER LOS ANGELES SAVINGS Bank. Hours, 8 a. m. to 3 p. m. Telephone (Maynard) block 271.

Frank Brockway,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON—Office and residence, corner Pearl and Eleventh sts. Hours—9 to 12 m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Calls answered night and day. Telephone No. 217.

OFFICE—50 N. Spring st. RESIDENCE—305 N. Fort.

Dr. F. A. Seymour,

OFFICE HOURS—9 to 10:30 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 p. m.

Dr. Huckins,

OFFICE ROOMS 18, 19, 20 AND 21, No. 17 North Main st. Hours 10 a. m. to 1 p. m., and 2 to 4 p. m. Telephone 356; Answer day and night. Residence, 1017 Kohler street. Specialty of eye, ear and throat diseases.

sat1 1m

Elisabeth A. Follansbee, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST, has removed her office and residence from 311 to 260 S. Fort st. april6 tf

Walter Lindley, M. D.

OFFICE HOURS 9 TO 4 P. M. OFFICE and residence 218 South Fort street, opposite Wolfverton's Drug Store.

Hours at County Hospital, 8 to 10 a. m. jan13 tf

A. F. Darling, M. D.,

OCULIST AND AURIST. OFFICE HOURS, 9:30 a. m. to 4 p. m. Office, 150 N. Main street, Los Angeles, Cal. oct1 4mo tf

Dr. J. P. Widney,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, OFFICE, Widney Block, First between Main and Spring. Office hours: 11 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. Residence, 1017 Kohler street. Telephone—Office, 59. House, 193. no13 tf

Dr. Chas. A. H. de Szigethy,

LOS ANGELES, CAL. RESIDENCE, PRAEL Block, opposite Postoffice. Rooms 20 and

Farm and Range.

Fruit Drying and Preserving.

[Paper Written by Dr. F. S. Hilliard for the Pomological Convention at Pomona.]

If the frit interest is the leading interest in Southern California—and if it is not yet, it soon will be—the most important question of the section is, what shall be done with the fruit? It cannot all be [illegible] in the market, nor can it be disposed of, and it may be instructive. The amusing feature is the comparison of the different conclusions arrived at by different calculators. For instance, here is a writer in 1879, when oranges were the rage, so to speak—a winter visitor, speculating as to the future probabilities of orange culture. He first reasons how profitable orange culture was then, giving the figures at $20 per tree. He then continues: "It may be that the business of orange culture will be overdone—this is a matter to be considered. Let us see. There is one nursery containing 500,000 slips destined to become trees, and there are many more perhaps not so large. A tree reaches perfection in fifteen years. In fifteen years if 100,000 acres are planted—and that is an exceedingly moderate estimate—with sixty-four trees to the acre, there will be 640,000 trees. Each tree averaging 1000 oranges there will be 640,000,000 oranges. We will suppose that in fifteen years from this time the population of the United States shall reach sixty millions, and that these people are all able to buy oranges, and cannot get them from any source but California. There will be 1000 oranges for each man, woman and child in the country."

"Figures never lie," says the old adage, nevertheless figures can be made to be very deceptive. I trust I will be pardoned for quoting from this writer, as his speculations at this time are instructive; as showing how far the actual condition of affairs is from the conclusion he has reached. There seems to be less danger than ever that orange culture will be overdone, as the area is now thought to be so limited where a perfect orange can be produced. These figures are also suggestive to the extent of the market for fresh fruits of all kinds. The market for these is a long reserve from being unlimited, but the market for properly and scientifically preserved fruits is practically unlimited.

The preservation of fruit is accomplished by different methods, the chief of which are drying, canning or bottling, salting, and preserving, so called, by which we mean treating with sugar. Drying is unquestionably the most important of all, as it is at once the most feasible, the most economical, not only in labor of curing, but of packing and shipping, on account of weight, bulk and transportation. I will lay down the proposition at once that the proper place to preserve a fruit is in the orchard where it is raised. It seems needless to attempt to demonstrate this proposition, as it appears to me to be self evident. No fruit put up at a cannery is equal to that which is put up at home. Fruit to be transported a short distance even must be picked moderately firm and before it is quite mellow and ripe; besides the canneries prefer to handle firm fruit and prefer to sacrifice something of taste to appearance and convenience of handling. In this particular [illegible] contrasts [illegible]ing, for if [illegible] hard when [illegible]ected to the [illegible] chemical process [illegible]still continue, [illegible]o be elaborated [illegible] of evaporation [illegible] the process [illegible]ucer. It makes [illegible] are independent.

If to be tied to a cannery, he may be at the mercy of the canner; such a thing might be possible. Then again those canneries take only the finest and largest specimens, rejecting all of inferior quality, inferior as to size and appearance, not necessarily inferior in flavor. What is the farmer to do with this inferior fruit? If he is compelled to cure a portion of his crop it would be better, perhaps, to cure it all. Again, fruit put up in tin is spoiled for some palates. That put up in glass is better, but I have eaten dried fruit that I thought superior to either. Fruit preserved by means of sugar becomes merely a relish, like a pickle, and cannot be partaken of freely like a food proper, while dried or hermetically sealed fruit may be eaten as freely as that fresh from the trees. Hence, to reiterate, drying is the process for the farmer, by all odds. You cannot have a cannery in each orchard, but you could have a dryer, or, at least, all have the sun, Nature's fruit dryer. Canning and preserving are each well enough in their way, and will always take a certain portion of the fruit crop, but the great bulk will be dried.

To produce a first-class article of dried fruit it is necessary to employ some form of apparatus; it cannot be accomplished in the open air. It accumulates too much dust; and flies, bees, birds and other pests contribute to its damage. The so called sun dryers are said to be good, but I know nothing about them, never having seen the perfected machine, but have dried fruit successfully under glass in a home-made contrivance. It seems like a waste to use fuel in this land of sunshine to dry fruit, but it may not be so. Investors have been experimenting for years endeavoring to utilize the heat of the sun as a motive power, but their success as yet has been but small and the prospect is not promising. It is like the oxygen of the atmosphere which it has been the dream of chemistry for years to separate and utilize. There is plenty of it, but it is difficult to get at—like gold which if too highly diffused, that is, mixed with too much sand and gravel, does not pay to wash for.

Evaporation by artificial heat is the method at present. The different patent dryers are good, but they are small in capacity and too high in price. I am satisfied that the farmer can construct a dryer that will work as well as the best of them for far less money and of much greater capacity, in fact, I have seen it done. The furnace should be large, and the expense need be but small for fuel; an old stump not worth working up into stove wood will smoulder all day and keep up the heat to the proper degree.

Good ripe fruit dried in a dryer is good enough, and looks well enough, and the use of sulphur to bleach it is not only unnecessary but wrong, morally and scientifically. It is like the Chinese laundries, a fraud; where the clothes are not honestly whitened by plenty of soap and muscle, but are half washed and then dipped in a strong bleaching solution and finally wrung out of a deep blue water, the result of which is to cover up a poor job. So with the bleaching of fruit; it will come to be looked upon as the badge of a poor article, and a specimen of too light a shade will be shunned like a bright green pickle. I cannot condemn too strongly this fasoion and it seems to be a fashion. It is claimed that it does not injure the health; but that if its use were long continued it might be injurious to the teeth. I know it to be both in theory and by actual test. Sulphur in burning takes up atoms of oxygen from the air forming sulphurets or sulphureted oxygen. In bleaching by sulphur it is claimed that the color is set and the fruit is not deleterious. I deny both statements. As to the taste, it utterly spoils it for many. I am not prepared to say that it is injurious for the health, for probably it is not as a rule, but it is not impossible that the acid combines with the coloring matter an produces a colorless compound. [illegible]uric acid is a powerful [illegible]oxidizing agent, abstracting oxygen from [illegible]y vegetable colors, thereby bleaching them. In the presence of water and air it is oxidized forming sulphuric acid. These conditions are present when the moist fruit [illegible] exposed to the sulphurous [illegible] gas and sulphuric acid is formed. The sulphuric acid is one of the most powerful corrosive substances known, and even in the most diluted form is very destructive to the teeth. It is sometimes used as a medicine, it is true, but it should always be taken through a glass tube. This practice of sulphuring fruit will, if persisted in, injure the reputation of California fruit. As an illustration, look at pickles: The fashion was at one time, so far as I know, universal in the country to color pickles, especially cucumbers, with some preparation of copper to improve their appearance. It gave to American pickles a bad a name that to this day there are thousands of people who will not touch an American pickle. The English pickles are very inferior in appearance to the uncolored eye, compared to the bright green of the copper-treated article, but the latter cannot compete for a moment with the former in the best markets.

Good ripe fruit scientifically dried and tastefully packed, will command a market and it will ultimately be the sheet-anchor of the fruit-raising interest. All fruit before being packed should be subjected to a temperature of from 140 to 150 degrees for about half an hour, to destroy all eggs of insects which may be adherent. Not a great many years ago a merchant said to me, "Do you want to know why Eastern dealers don't like to handle California raisins?" I said, yes. "Well I will show you," and he opened a box of raisins. "There is as fine a looking box of raisins as you would wish to see," and it was; but on raising the top layer, underneath the fruit was seen to be alive with worms. This was my introduction to California raisins, and I have never forgotten it. Such a condition of things would hardly be looked for at this time. A man who would put up such raisins to-day would be greatly behind the times.

The fruits must be "done to a turn," like a prize loaf of bread or cake, both as to color, and degree of dryness, all eggs of insects destroyed, packed nicely and attractively. No man who is too thriftless, or has not the temperament for attending to all details will ever make a success of fruit raising. Wormy fruit or inferior fruit of any kind, will not build up a market. The most successful producers will make a market for their own fruit, and it will be known as a reliable article.

Owners must manage their own places. A hired man, no matter how conscientious, will never do what the owner would, and those who intend to live in town on the profits of their orchards, and hire their work done, and the thriftless and the lazy and the incompetent will fail.

Deciduous Fruits.

Essay read By Milton Thomas before the Pomological Convention at Pomona.]

Mr. President and Members of Los Angeles Pomological Society — LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: In coming before you to read this essay, I must say that I have not taken time or thought sufficient to give the subject of deciduous fruit culture that which it so richly merits. I was notified in time, but I thought I would wait until I took a tour of inspection through the State. When I returned a few days ago, I found much that needed my immediate attention, so that I had but little time to devote to this important subject. I simply given to you this essay a few thoughts in my own language relative to the subject in question. I have neither read nor borrowed any ideas, but have given you a few words in regard to planting, cultivating and pruning orchards, and also of marketing the fruit. In my opinion the fruit industry in California is only in its infancy. There is to-day more intelligent thought, more activity and perseverance being thrown into this industry than in any other on this coast. I noticed at the late fruit-growers' meeting at San Francisco, that it was composed of men of more than ordinary intelligence. Men that would compare very favorably with any body of men in other pursuits. They were men of large views, that were not afraid to express themselves on any question that was brought up. They were conservative, and at the same time dreadfully in earnest. I was proud of the appearance and were representative of the persons engaged in this great industry in California.

The term *deciduous* in botany is applied to such plants as drop their leaves periodically. We find in this country the term is applied to all fruit trees that are tropical or semi-tropical. Most generally speaking, we apply the word to apple, peach, pear, plum, prune, nectarine, apricot, etc.

In treating of the subject, I would first speak of the soil. Different fruit requires different soil. For instance, pear and apple trees require a deep, rich, or, as we often say, a heavy soil. Nectarine and apricot trees, as well as the plum and prune, do not require as much depth, but a sandy one. In other words, they will do comparatively well in land where the pear and apple make but little growth. Pear and apple trees, in my opinion, should always be planted on your best land. Pear trees are remarkably well on alkali soil, but not when it is so impregnated with the alkali that the land is white with it. The pear will do well on other fruits would not do at all. In this section, I would say that all fruit trees do better on good soil, and the quality of the fruit indicates whether the soil is good or bad. In many places in California, the soil at first sight indicates that fruit would not do well, but as a matter of fact there are just the right elements to make trees grow, not well, but remarkably well. For instance there is a soil at or near Pomona and Ontario that at first sight almost any stranger would say is too light, and not at all adapted to fruit-growing. But the facts warrant me in saying that the soil is of such a nature and has just the right elements to make a wonderful growth. It is scarcely necessary to say that manure will not hurt any soil, and should be applied on all lands when you can do so.

Now as to planting an orchard—Have your land ploughed deep, say eight or ten inches at least, and then well pulverized by a harrow, then cross-plowed, if you can afford it, and leveled, and if you intend to irrigate, have it leveled and well prepared for irrigation. Then procure good trees from some reliable nurseryman. They should be one year old from the graft or bud. See that the trees have good roots, and above all, that they be free from insects. In planting the trees have the holes dug, say twenty-four inches deep and wide enough so that the roots can be straightened out. Put the top soil at the bottom and the bottom soil on the top or near the surface, and plant the trees about two inches deeper than they were in the nursery. Now the next thing after planting a young orchard is to keep the weeds down by thorough cultivation, and never sow alfalfa, barley or any small grain among your trees. If you intend to do that, save your money and labor by not planting an orchard at all. But hoed crops can be produced among trees for a few years.

Now a word in regard to the proper distance to plant trees. Apple and apricot trees should not be less than twenty-four feet apart. Pear, plum, prune and cherry can be planted twenty feet apart.

There are many different views as to pruning, each one claiming his way to be the best. Some think one season the best and others think another time better. It is my opinion that all trees should be pruned in December or January, unless it is the apricot, which may be pruned in October or November. In planting an orchard, the first season, or soon after the orchard is planted, cut back the tree say to four or five feet in height, according to the height of the trees. Then keep the sprouts rubbed off below two feet from the ground, or that may be varied to suit the ideas of the owner of orchard. The second year, the last year's growth may be cut off one-half to two-thirds, according to the growth. Some varieties of pears, especially of Bartlett, if pruned very severely will be ruined by too much fruit on branches, which will cause them to break. There must be vigorous pruning. Prune or cut back each year, making the tree stocky so that each tree will be enabled to bear the fruit without breaking the branches and damaging the trees. Apricots need perhaps more pruning than any other fruit tree. After a few years all trees will want the brush thinned out and kept out. Different kinds of trees need different modes of pruning. The cherry should be made to branch at or near the ground. Do not irrigate cherry trees if you expect any fruit; bear this in mind. If your trees are pruned every year so the sunshine and air can pass through them, well cultivated, and weeds kept down, you will receive the reward for your labor.

But let me impress upon your minds that if you expect to grow fruit successfully and profitably, you must attend to thinning out the fruit. The trees will yield as many pounds of large fruit properly thinned out, as of small fruit where the tree is allowed to overbear. One hundred pounds of good-sized fruit is worth more than two hundred pounds of small, as good-sized fruit always commands very much better prices.

Then let the orchardist be careful when he gathers his fruit, so that when it is ready for market it is in good condition, put up in neat packages or boxes, and not bruised, so that when in the market it is attractive to the eye. There is always a premium on large fruit put up in an attractive manner.

In planting an orchard at this date let every means be used by taking advantage of others' experience to plant only the kinds of fruit and the varieties that will be profitable. For instance, suppose a man plants one thousand trees. He plants some of all kinds and varieties that he was acquainted with in the East. When the trees come into bearing, he finds that he has nothing that the market wants. And if he does, only a few, and there is no one wanting to purchase his fruit for he has not got enough of any one kind to make it an object. But suppose this same man plants one thousand trees. He plants five hundred Bartlett pears, two hundred white winter Pearmain apple, two hundred Canning peach—say Crawford, Salway, Cling, etc., seventy-five French prunes and twenty-five of an assortment for family use. Then when his orchard comes into bearing he has something to sell that is wanted. These figures can be changed as it suits the owner.

Referring to deciduous fruit culture, at no distant day the fruit question will assume proportions that the most sanguine cannot realize. It will give employment to more people than any other industry on the coast. Furthermore, there is no business that will elevate men, women and children, as the culture of fruit. There is something grand and noble in the pursuit of this industry that seems to impress and qualify in an especial manner the fruit-grower for a life of usefulness. Language fails to find words for us to express ourselves on this question of such vital importance to the fruit-growers of California.

The time will come when, instead of hundreds of car-loads of fruit each year, there will be many thousands—yes, hundreds of thousands of cars loaded with fruit; of course, not only deciduous fruits, but grapes, oranges, lemons, dried fruits, raisins, and crystalized. When the rate is reduced on fast freight, and every facility offered the shippers; when fruit can be procured at prices so that the common people living East can have it from five to six cents per pound, or less, then vast quantities will be used. The fruit industry is only in its infancy; at no distant day it will be first in importance, first in value, and first in magnitude.

The Marketing of Oranges.

Paper written by the Pomological Convention by H. K. Snow, of Tustin.]

The shipping and marketing of our orange crop the present season interests us more than all other subjects combined. Every orange-producer in this section of the State knows the disastrous experience of the past season. Not that we produce more oranges than there is a demand for, or that our fruit is undesirable. In the first of last season, before our oranges were ripe, when green and sour, not fit to ship, eat or sell, we commenced shipping, and it seemed that there was a perfect mania to see who would get their fruit to market first; and the ball commenced rolling from Riverside, taking in Colton, Pomona, Azusa, Duarte, San Gabriel, Los Angeles, Anaheim, Orange, Santa Ana and Tustin, all shipping as fast as cars could be obtained, and nimble hands could wrap, pack and ship. It was all chaos, no head, nor tail to the whole thing, none of us knowing where the other was shipping to, or what he was getting for his fruit, and what was the consequence? Why, over one hundred carloads of oranges went into Chicago in less than one week, and the result? Oranges sold in some instances for barely enough to pay the freight, and it took several weeks to overcome this abnormal condition, and get the prices back so that we could realize something for our fruit. Every business man knows that the Chicago prices rule the whole north and southwest; so if oranges sell there for one dollar and fifty cents a box, then no more than a little freight added can be obtained at any point outside of Chicago. On the reverse, they might be sold in a dozen towns and cities outside for half the price, and it would have no perceptible effect on the Chicago market.

Now, our first desideratum is not to overstock Chicago, and I believe that the orange-raisers in Southern California have it in their own hands to control the prices in a great measure of the product sold in the northwest, providing that we can get reasonable rates from the railroad companies, and I believe that it is near at hand. Now, the first thing to be done is to get a fair estimate of the amount of oranges growing in Southern California, and to do this the growers, in each locality where oranges are raised, should meet in convention and appoint three or more of their number to make an estimate of the amount of oranges growing in each district, and also to select one of their number to meet a like committee from each locality in every orange-producing section, to form a syndicate to control the shipping and marketing of all the oranges raised here. This syndicate will have to establish an agency in Chicago, or employ some house that has an agency there to take charge of the business. This agency should know the standing of all the best jobbing and commission fruit dealers in the north and southwest, and every dealer that wants a car-load of oranges must report to this agency fifteen days in advance. Then, for instance, there is required for the next week's shipment fifty or one hundred car-loads; they will telegraph to our syndicate here, and they knowing the amount of oranges in each locality will proportion it, and notify each local committee of the amount that they can ship, and this committee can notify each producer how many boxes he is entitled to send.

The Chicago agency must regulate the minimum price for which all oranges must be sold, according to the competition of the markets east, and whenever a car-load of oranges arrives at any destination and it is found to be in bad order, and subject to a loss of more than ten per cent. of the minimum price, then it must be forwarded immediately to Chicago, and there sold to the best advantage possible for the producer. Now, if the minimum price is two dollars per box for common smutty oranges, why then the clean, bright fruit, and good size will sell on their own merits. Now, by forming this syndicate, we can control the prices for which our fruit is to be sold, also stop the glutting of any one city, and keep every market supplied with any class of fruit desired, whether it be clean, bright fruit, or the black, smutty oranges. We can also hold in check some of the thieving commission houses who are so fond of repacking our fruits.

OUR PUZZLE CORNER.

[Readers are invited to aid in making our Puzzle Department interesting by the contribution of good original charades, enigmas, rebuses, etc. Communications for this department should be addressed to W. H. Eastman, East Somner, Me.]

I.—Enigma.

My 1, 6, 5 will show to you
A vehicle—now prove it true.

Serenely doing by the grate,
Yo'all often see a 7 2 8.

A thing that we dislike to see
About our house is 5, 4, 3.

The letters found from 1 to 8,
Form something, seen in New York State.

And this same thing you well may view,
When in the Queen's dominion, too.

ETHEL.

2.—Diamond.

1. A consonant.
2. An animal.
3. To make clear what was before obscure.
4. A part of the day.
5. A vowel.

R. A. E.

3.—Rebagram.

Whole, I am a vegetable; change my head and I become, successively, small animals, insects, wickedness, articles used in playing certain games, and agreeable. EVA H.

4.—Blanks.

(The words required to fill the blanks will form a familiar quotation from scripture.)

1. When Joseph was ascending the mountain, he was both surprised and alarmed at being confronted by a large and ferocious ——.
2. —— are many in numbers, and should be able to conquer the foe.
3. Many a —— has been brought to his grave by the use of strong drink.
4. Although we may not have wealth ourselves, we should never covet ——.
5. This ——ful land is the place where the ocean steamers are relieved of their ——.

FARMER JOHN.

5.—Phonetic Charade.

My first half is found by the way,
My last half will help you to know it;
My whole is a weight, you may say,
And a balance will readily show it.

NELLIE.

6.—Hidden Writers.

1. I am spending a few weeks at the Randal cottage.
2. Dick's hair is so thin that his classmates call him "Bald Richard."
3. It seemed to us that the lecturer's chief object was to weary his audience with his prosy remarks.
4. Brother Ira entered Dartmouth College last year.
5. While the doctor was buying some alcohol, messengers came to tell him that his patient was dead.
6. I understand that Philip helps support his mother and sisters.
7. The girl insisted upon having scarlet on her hat instead of blue.
8. A negro entered the school today.

HEBER.

Answers to Puzzles of Week Before Last.

1.—Cutlass.

2.—1, Elephant. 2, Nuisance. 3, Property. 4, Substance. 5, Estimate. 6, Nothing resting in its own completeness Can have worth or beauty.

4.

```
        Y
      R H (roach)
    E a s t
  L i s R
  E e A
C H A N C E
```

5.—O, be joyful in God all ye lands of the earth.

6.—Ties, ies, es, ti, (backward) se(e) it.

Answer to prize puzzle of last week lies over until the announcement of the award.

RED STAR TRADE AND MARK.
COUGH CURE
Absolutely Free from Opiates, Emetics and Poisons.
A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE
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sept2g 1m

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oct9 1m

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315 SOUTH SPRING,
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I wish to notify my former customers that I have opened a new place at the above number, and the only one that gives satisfaction. Tailoring and repairing neatly done at lowest rates. Satisfaction guaranteed. oct8 tf

Legal.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

WE, JOHN McNISH AND FRED ZUCKER, do hereby certify that we are partners in business, doing business under the name of McNish & Co., at Azusa, Los Angeles county, California, that our full names are John McNish and Fred Zucker, and that we both reside in Azusa, Los Angeles county said State; that we are the only members of and doing business under said firm name at said place.

JOHN McNISH, SEAL.
FRED ZUCKER, SEAL.

State of California, Azusa, County of Los Angeles—ss.

On this 26th day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, before me, John T. Gordon, a notary public, and for the Azusa, county of Los Angeles, personally appeared John McNish and Fred Zucker, personally known to me to be the same persons described in, whose names are subscribed to the within instrument, and they duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

(SEAL.) In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year in this certificate above written.

JOHN T. GORDON, Notary Public.

Filed September 26, 1885.

CHARLES H. DUSENBURY, Clerk.
By LEE J. THOMPSON, Deputy. sep30 1m

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale.

Rosa Bernero vs. Samuel Frick. } Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles, State of California, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1885, in the above entitled action, wherein Rosa Bernero, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Samuel Frick, defendant, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1885, for the sum of $2063.36, in gold coin of the United States, which said decree was, on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1885, recorded in judgment book 8 of said Court, at page 441, I am commanded to sell all the certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

Lots two (2), three (3), six (6) and seven (7), in block eight (8), and lot two (2), three (3), four (4) and six (6), in block nine (9), of the Chavez tract, according to a map of said Chavez tract recorded in book 8 of miscellaneous records, at page 209, office of the County Recorder of said county, said map being one of the surveys and subdivisions made of said Chavez tract by H. J. Stevenson in July, 1876, to which map and the record thereof reference is hereby made, the same being made part hereof for description.

Public notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 10th day of October, A. D. 1885,

At 12 o'clock m. of that day, in front of the Courthouse door of the county of Los Angeles, on Spring street, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash, in gold coin, of the United States.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1885.

GEO. H. GARD,
Sheriff of Los Angeles County.
By A. M. THORNTON, Under Sheriff. sep5td

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

Fielding Bacon vs. Nisi (sometimes known as Nisi Bros.) } Sheriff's Sale.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California, on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1885, in the above entitled action, wherein Fielding Bacon, the above-named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Nisi (sometimes known as Nasi) Duncan, defendant, on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1885, for the sum of $1,000.00, in gold coin of the United States, which said decree was, on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1885, recorded in Judgment Book 8 of said court, at page 441 I am commanded to sell all the certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a stake supposed to be the southeast corner section 31, township 1 north, range 8 west, S. B. M.; thence west 7 60-100 chains to a stake; thence north 1 deg. 30 min. west 100 chains to a stake; thence south 88 deg. 30 min. west 100 chains to a stake; thence north 1 deg. 30 min. west 100 chains to a stake; thence north 88 degrees east 8 15-100 chains to a stake; thence south 1 deg. 30 min. east 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 88 deg. 30 min. west 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 1 deg. 30 min. east 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 88 degrees west 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 1 deg. 30 min. east 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 20 degrees east 70 chains to a stake; thence south 9 degrees west 50 chains to a stake; thence south 79 degrees east 1 60-100 chains to a stake; thence south 65 degrees east 3 chains to a stake; thence south 23 degrees east 1 40-100 chains to a stake; thence south 62 degrees east 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 1 90-100 chains to a stake; thence south 49 degrees west 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 53 degrees west 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 28 degrees east 2 chains to a stake; thence south 62 degrees east 1 50-100 chains to a stake; thence south 23 degrees east 1 chains to a stake; thence south 50 degrees east 3 chains to a stake in the center of the wagon road in Orange's canyon; 10 links north of a clump of sycamore stumps from which beam a sycamore tree 18 feet in diameter, north 26, degrees, east 10 links distant; thence in all courses and distances particularly describe the northerly and easterly boundaries of a strip of land, 30 links wide, for a wagon road, through and over the southwest quarter of section 5, township 1 north, range 8 west San Bernardino Meridian, containing 1 80-100 acres, more or less, being the same premises conveyed by Samuel L. Crane to Neil Duncan by deed dated 31st September, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the said county of Los Angeles in Book 116 of Deeds, at page 307, and subject to the reservation to the right of way in said deed contained.

Public notice is hereby given, that on

Saturday, the 24th Day of October, A. D. 1885,

at 12 o'clock m. of that day, in front of the Courthouse door of the county of Los Angeles, on Spring street, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash, in gold coin, of the United States.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1885.

GEO. H. GARD,
Sheriff of Los Angeles County.
By A. M. THORNTON, Under Sheriff. se30td

Notice to Creditors.

ESTATE OF HENRY S. THOMAS, DECEASED.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Harvey S. Thomas, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of Brickell & White, Rooms 11 to 14 Temple block, Los Angeles city, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in the county of Los Angeles.

Dated at Los Angeles city, Sept. 18, 1885.

A. DAVIDSON,
Executor of the last will and testament of Harvey S. Thomas, deceased. se17 6w

Notice to Creditors.

IN RE THE ESTATE OF JOHN K. HOFFMAN, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of John K. Hoffman, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned, at the office of Howard & Roberts, Rooms 8 and 9 Wilcox Block, Los Angeles City, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated at Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 29, 1885.

JAMES A. FINNEY,
Administrator, with will annexed, of John K. Hoffman, deceased. se30 4w

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INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
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R. A. McCurdy, President.
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This Company presents to those needing insurance a security unequalled or any similar institution. It has never disputed a claim which was shown to be just and right, and has carefully sought and practiced the most equitable system for the division of its surplus, and for discriminating between the varied interests of its many members.
Premium receipts to date..... $275,237,044
Paid policy-holders..... 218,094,310
Paid policy-holders in 1884..... 13,286,091
Income in 1884..... 19,090,313
Accumulated surplus, New York standard, over..... 13,000,000
For Further particulars, apply to
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Los Angeles National Bank,
No. 54 N. Main St., Los Angeles.
CAPITAL..... $100,000.
DIRECTORS:
W. G. Cochran, Harvey K. Green, B. Hunsaker, Geo. H. Bonebrake, Col. H. H. Markham, John Reese, Sr., F. C. Howes.
Exchange for sale on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe. aug13 tf

Los Angeles Savings Bank,
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CAPITAL, - - - - - $100,000.
PRESIDENT..... J. V. GOODWIN
SECRETARY..... J. W. VACHTEL
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
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Term Deposits will be received in sums of one hundred dollars and over.
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Money to Loan on first-class real estate in Los Angeles, July 1st 1885. jy1 tf

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Capital Stock (paid up) : $100,000
Reserve Fund, : $205,000
DIRECTORS:
JOHN R. PLATER..... PRESIDENT
W. G. COCHRAN..... VICE-PRESIDENT
E. MACNELL..... CASHIER
DIRECTORS:
J. G. Stanton, John R. Plater, John A. Parkes, Jotham Bixby, Robert F. Baker, Geo. W. Prescott, E. M. Widney.
Carries on a General Banking and Collecting business. 14 tf

First National Bank
OF LOS ANGELES.
CAPITAL STOCK..... $200,000
SURPLUS..... 100,000
DIRECTORS:
F. F. SPENCER..... PRESIDENT
J. M. ELLIOTT..... CASHIER
J. D. Bicknell, E. Cuzner, H. Mabury, O. S. Witherby, E. F. Spence.
Capt. A. H. Wilcox, Dr. R. H. McDonal, O. S. Witherby, James McCoy, Capt. A. W. Edwards, Thomas Rose, E. Lankershim, H. Mabury, W. H. Hamby, Woods Mabury, E. F. Spence, H. Bicknell, F. Q. Story. ap14

Farmers and Mechanics' Bank,
OF LOS ANGELES.
Established in 1868.
Capital..... $100,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits..... 200,000
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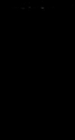

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LOCATION:
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ALTITUDE:
2500 feet above sea level.
WATER:
Absolutely pure, clear and soft, and abundance of it.
ATMOSPHERE:
As near perfect as can be found on the globe.
SOIL.
Rich, deep and adapted to the production of the peach, apricot, pear, apple, nectarine, plum, prune, raspberry, blackberry, strawberry, gooseberry, cherry, and the entire, grape family, both raisin and wine.
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RECOLLECTIONS OF AN INDIAMAN.

Two Years Aboft the Mast.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE "JOHN O'GAUNT" AGAIN—AN ILLUMINATED OCEAN—COLORS OF DIFFERENT SEAS — HURRICANES AND OTHER REVOLVING STORMS—SQUALLS AND RAIN — VIGILANCE RELAXED — TAKEN ABACK.

"So I think of the luminous footprints that bore
The comfort o'er dark Galilee,
And wait for the signal to go to the shore,
To the ship that is waiting for me."

After reaching latitude 40 degrees south, and when the Cape of Good Hope bore due North, we changed our course to a more northerly direction, leaving the track of Australian vessels, two of which were in sight, stretching far away to the eastward. Our rival, the clipper ship "John O'Gaunt," of Bitter Channel memory, also appeared far to windward, which caused our Captain to crowd on all possible sail, but night came on and we saw him no more.

The sea in that latitude was illuminated by phosphorescent light, and it seemed as if the heavens were inverted and we were sailing among the stars. This beautiful phenomena is thus described by Mr. Darwin: "While sailing a little south of La Plata, on one very dark night, the sea presented a wonderful and most beautiful spectacle. There was a fresh breeze, and every part of the surface, which during the day is seen as foam, now glowed with a pale light. The vessel drove before her bow two billows of liquid phosphorus, and in her wake she was followed by a milky train. As far as eye reached, the crest of every wave was bright, and the sky above the horizon was illuminated from the reflected glare of these lurid flames."

The London Times has also the following in regard to a milky sea: "The phenomenon of a milky sea has been known to occur in certain parts, but has not been very thoroughly scrutinized. Some have considered the luminous appearance in question an electrical effect in thunderstorms; others have attributed it to cadavaric decomposition of marine animals and plants; others to abundant spawn, with fishes moving about in it. But the truth appears to be that it results from an accumulation of animalcuiæ capable of becoming phosphorescent, spontaneously or by friction. Some interesting information on the subject (of an exact character) has been lately published by Lieutenant Pornain, of the French ironclad L'Armide, which in February last met with a milky sea in the passage from Point de Galle to Aden. The nights of February 2, 10, 12, and 13 were characterized by the phenomenon in all its splendor, the ship during this time traversing 666 miles (1100 kilometres) in a mean latitude of 12 degrees north, between the meridians of 51 degrees and 51 degrees east longitude. There was no thunderstorm, the sky was clear, the moon new, the barometer, thermometer and hygrometer were regular, and a gentle northeast monsoon was blowing. The temperature of the surface of the water was constant at twenty-five degrees. The sea was like a snow covered field in a clear night, and all trace of undulations was lost sight of. The milky look was hardly disturbed by the motion of the ship and working of the screw (which shows that the layer had considerable thickness). By day all disappeared; but the hue of the sea was somewhat altered. Looked at attentively over the ship's side at night the water was seen to contain an enormous number of luminous particles pressed close together, and more brilliant close to the side (where disturbed). Some four hundred of these corpuscles—one to two centimetres long) could be counted in a bucket holding ten litres of the water. Drawn out, these were seen to be of a gelatinous substance, which quickly dried and disappeared, leaving a dark globule one millimetre in diameter, which, in the microscope, presented a transparent ovoid animalcule, filled with eggs, and moving its fins and tentacles incessantly. A drop of water added to the dark globule brought back its luminosity; and when the creature was bruised in the hand, it gave a bright mark, which was quickly extinguished, and which had no smell. The milky sea still (at) day and looked at in the dark, shows no luminosity, even though agitated; nor does the water procured by day and brought into darkness. It remains to be determined what causes the luminosity of these animalcuiæ, and information is also desirable as to the position of the various milky seas on the globe, the times of their appearance, whether they persist in the same place or not, etc. Several of the officers on board L'Armide had witnessed the phenomenon before, but never so brilliant or so continuous. The L'Armide, in going out, had passed thirty leagues further north in February, 1878, with out encountering anything of the kind."

These remarkable and beautiful effects are caused by myriads of minute animalcuiæ, and, perhaps, the decomposition of organic substances. In this connection it might not be out of place to write of the color of sea water by daylight in different parts, and the globe: small quantities are colorless. The deep ocean is azure blue; and in shallow places, near the land, green. Some parts of the ocean show particular local colors, no doubt occasioned by impurities. Small animalcuiæ impart to the sea in the vicinity of Bombay a light rose tint; the Gulf of California is of a reddish hue; the Red Sea and the Arabian Seas are also colored red by a minute sea weed; the Persian Gulf is green; and microscopic crustacea cause the sea near the mouth of the La Plata to appear in long, narrow colored bands.

The ship ploughed her way through the liquid fire, and as far as the eye could reach, a fiery wake appeared tipping the crest of every wave with a phosphorescent light. Hauling more to the northeast we rapidly approached the island of Madagascar, passing it on the east side to take advantage of the current there prevailing. Carrying all canvas to win the race, the ship presented a fine appearance. So far, a very quick passage had been made, and when the long moonlight nights came on, in the lonely middle watch, it was a beautiful sight to look aloft at the tapering masts, the trucks of which seemed to be sweeping among the stars. Sails of snowy canvas rose in symmetrical piles from the deck. First, the great lower sails, or courses, next, the banded topsails and their reef points hanging as if pencilled on the white convex surface, while on the concave surface they swung in unison to every motion of the ship; then rose the topgallant sails above, the royals, and still above the royals the little skysails swelled to the breeze, seeming almost beyond the reach of man.

The gentle breeze favored us, and as the weeks wore away we were nearing the equator again, and hoped by the aid of the friendly monsoon to fan our way up through the Indian Ocean. The season of typhoons was drawing near, and we were anxious to make all possible speed, and to reach the Hoogly Pass of the Ganges before those terrible gales came on. As something has been written in regard to winds, let us briefly consider a few facts in regard to storms and their names in different parts of the world:

Hurricanes are revolving storms, which occur in the Indian Ocean and West Indies; the typhoons and cyclones of the Indian Ocean are similar to them. They are circular revolving storms, and have a diameter of from fifty to five hundred miles, revolving with great rapidity near their centre up to a certain distance, *within which a calm exists*.

Their centre of rotation advances rapidly along a definite line along the earth's surface. This is called the path or track of the hurricane, and it is surprising with what accuracy its limits can be defined. These storms have a velocity of from twenty to fifty miles per hour, and it is a remarkable fact that these rotary storms always revolve the same way, but that the direction is reversed in different hemispheres. North of the equator they revolve from east to west; south of it, from west to east.

There are three well-known hurricane regions—the West Indies, the Indian Ocean, and the Chinese Sea. The general course of the West India hurricane is from the leeward islands northwest, passing around the shores of the Gulf of Mexico or across it, then following the Gulf stream and terminating in the Atlantic, or exhausting their fury in the United States.

The hurricanes of the Indian Ocean come from the northeast near Sumatra and Java, and travel southeast towards the Mauritius. They occur during the hot season, from December to April in that hemisphere, and are quite rare or entirely unknown during the other months of the year.

The typhoons of the Chinese Sea occur from June to November, after an interval of three or four years.

When the month of April came we had crossed the equator and were slowly working our way along. The weather was necessarily hot and squally, with sudden showers. Occasionally a gust of wind came creeping over the waters and died out before reaching us, but advantage was taken of every "cat's paw" and the yards braced for every little breeze, so that some onward progress was made all the time, but it was very vexatious. A little breeze would spring up, and after working hard, getting yards braced and all sails set, suddenly it would cease. Squalls kept rising to leeward, and, after shortening sail, they would all end in a drenching shower; then the sun came out with renewed heat, and the great ship rolled about without wind enough to fill the sails. It was enough to try the patience of more saintly persons than composed the majority of our ship's company, and the ejaculations referring to a region more tropical than ours were frequently heard, also consigning our worthy Captain and officers to a perpetual residence therein, and which would have put to shame the historic army of Flanders, which, if all accounts are true, were in the habit of uttering objurgations shocking to those devoutly inclined.

Naturally so many false alarms had relaxed the usual vigilance on such occasions, and, as a consequence, we were for once "taken aback," with all sail set. This very serious matter occurred as follows:

All the long day we had been tormented by squalls which looked black and threatening and which died away without doing any damage; so, after repeatedly stripping the ship of her canvas, every one got out of patience. During the first dog watch, a squall appeared off the port bow, but it did not look very threatening little notice was taken of it. At the time the weather studding sails were set and the vessel moving along with a light breeze. The Captain was walking the quarter deck, and the officer of the watch would not shorten sail without his orders. Suddenly the breeze ceased. The little cloud grew and rapidly advanced towards us. Awakening to the situation, the Captain roared to the man at the wheel, "Put down the helm!" "Call all hands to shorten sail!" But it was too late. The ship was aback. With a loud crack the lower studding-sail boom was broken off at the end of the fore-yard, and the studding sails were torn to pieces in a moment. The ship, under the tremendous pressure of so much canvas against her masts, was settling in the water stern foremost; the great mainsail, before it could be hauled up, was torn to ribbons. To add to the universal confusion, the tiller ropes parted, sending the helmsman stunned and bleeding against the railing of the quarter deck. It seemed as if the masts must go by the board, and the rain and wind together made such a roaring that even the trumpet was useless. All that could be done was to hold on to whatever we could lay our hands upon. Part of the men were in the rigging, but most of them were crouched under the weather railing, expecting the masts to go over the side. During all this time we were settling deeper by the stern, and the second officer, axe in hand, was about to cut the weather mizzen rigging and let the mizzen mast go overboard, when a gesture from the Captain restrained him. The ship payed off before the wind and went tearing over the angry waves without control and under no guidance from the helm. The second mate and boatswain quickly hooked tackles to the tiller and managed by their assistance to keep the ship before the wind. The Captain now roared his commands to take in such light sails as were not blown to pieces, and in a few moments after the wind died away and left us rolling and pitching about, and a long night's hard work before us for all hands. Fortunately no heavy spars were lost, but the studding-sail booms were gone, and light sails torn to pieces. It took us the whole long night, wet to the skin, the ship rolling as if her masts would go over the side, with no wind, to get the torn canvas from aloft on deck, and when morning came the scorching sun shone on a miserable and complaining set of mortals. This, however, is but one of the many incidents that go to make up a sailor's experience, and when we read in some novel or tale of ocean life that a vessel was "taken aback," perhaps it is not fully understood, and its sad meaning has often been, "gone down at sea with all on board."

[To be continued.]

A Corner in Capri Girls.

Rome, Italy, Letter to the Paris Register.]

It has become very common for American and English artists to fall captive to the charms of dark-eyed Capri maidens, and within a few years some ten or twelve have married their models; till at last to marry an artist has come to be regarded by a pretty Capri girl as her manifest destiny, and it is somewhat difficult to procure a model otherwise than by marrying her. Last year an artist saw a beautiful Capriote, with her mother, carry stones on her head for the use of wall-makers. She was just suited for the picture the painter had in hand. He found by inquiry that she and her mother received exactly a franc and a half apiece for carrying their stone burdens from morning till night. It seemed a wretched business, than which anything would be better. He offered the girl ten francs a day to come and sit for him as a model. She coyly refused. He thought she might dislike to come without her mother, so he proposed to hire the mother also. Not at all. He was delicately informed that the only way to secure the model would be to marry her. The case was not desperate enough for that, and the fair Capriote goes on with her stone carrying, pending the arrival of a more susceptible artist.

Eastern Woods.

Ye grand old woods that stand upon the hills
Through all the summer's splendor, with your emerald crowns,
Where gentle breezes loiter, and the running rills
Pour silver-throated music to the meadows down;

Where golden sunlight flecks the velvet moss,
And cooling shadows lie beside the brooks,
And bird calls unto bird the boughs across,
Through the dim cloisters of the forest nooks;

I see the splendor of your forest spires,
When frost has tipped each emerald leaf with flame,
And summer, ill some pagan queen, expires
On golden harvest sheaves which crowd the plain.

ELMA A. OTIS.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.

A Happy House-Builder and His Wonderful Work.

THE INHABITANTS OF FLOWER GARDENS.

Fate of a Bug that Kept Late Hours—Bees and Their Honey—Wonderful Things to be Learned in the Gardens.

I was out in the woods one day when I came across a charming house-builder. His house was done, and he was near by, looking at it with what I regarded as a most contented air. He was a handsome fellow, dressed in the gayest of suits, and as clean and trim as if he had never done an hour's work in his life. His coat was of green and gold, and his vest of the loveliest crimson. He was humming a happy song, and gliding about as if he was too glad to be still. Pretty soon I saw him taking his breakfast, and such a breakfast as it was—I am sure it was fit for a king, and he ate it with all the grace that a king could have used. I sat and watched him and thought that I should like to get a taste of his sweets, but he did not seem to be aware of my presence, and so his breakfast was taken alone. But he appeared to be perfectly content without company, and I really do not think that he knew what it was to be lonely.

Do you wonder who my happy house-builder was, who looked so gay about his work? He was not a dude with all of his finery, for his dress, bright as it was, seemed the most proper thing for him to wear, and I am not sure that I should have known him in any other dress.

Well, I will tell you his name. It is Master Humming Bird, who lives on the flowers. One would think he never was still when he is not in his nest. It is very rarely that you see him sitting quietly on a branch like other birds. He does not even rest while he is taking his breakfast, but he puts his long bill into a flower and supports himself by his fluttering wings. He hardly seems to fly like other birds, but shoots like an arrow with a sudden start from blossom to blossom.

Well, as I told you, I came across his nest one morning. I had never seen one before, and I looked at it very curiously. It is the very smallest nest that is made by any bird. Mr. Humming Bird is not ambitious to have a bigger house than he needs, and he is contented to build it just as his grandfather did before him. No bay windows nor verandas does he deem necessary for these modern days, but he builds his round nest and makes it soft and warm inside with down and other things. The outside he generally covers with moss which he gathers from the trees or fences. I wonder if he has any fear that the boys may discover his nest. What made me think that he might have is that he is very careful to make it of nearly the same color as the bark of the tree branch on which it is built, so that unless you look closely you would hardly be likely to observe it at all.

It distresses me to see boys who are fond of robbing birds' nests. The birds do so much to gladden the world with their beauty and their song, we ought never to molest them.

***

I often think a flower garden is like a busy city, it is so full of life. The flowers furnish food to many insects, so you see that they are not made simply for beauty. I remember reading once about a Frenchman in Paris who had a strawberry plant in a flower-pot. It was a great treasure to him, and he watched it very closely. He noticed that there were a good many things that liked to visit it, and in three weeks he counted thirty-seven different kinds of insects that had made a journey to his strawberry plant.

The birds, the bees, the butterflies, and the bugs all love the flowers, and they make the gardens full of life. I like to go into the garden at noon and watch them, for then they are full of motion, and all of them seem to be astir. I have wondered sometimes whether all these living things ever have anything to say to each other—whether it is the "honor of the day" they can all understand. If they do they must have sociable times together, and they all seem so happy I am inclined to think they never have any disagreements. I have watched them closely and never saw anything that looked like quarreling.

Last winter I found a bug that had got into trouble, the same as a bug would be likely to if he staid out late at night. I expect he had been playing Hunker Jerry on a cool morning I found him upon a flower so chilled that he could not move. I poked him very gently with a stick to see what was the matter, and he was so stiff that down he fell, and he was snapped up very quickly by a hen that was standing by. That was a terrible punishment for staying out all night, wasn't it?

Once I lived where there was a beautiful cypress vine growing over the porch. These vines have pretty blossoms which are very sweet, and their honey is hidden away at the bottom of the flowers. Sitting on my porch I used to notice that many of the flowers were split open and spoiled. I wondered what caused this. I thought I would watch and find out the reason if possible. One day while I was sitting there I saw some bumble bees light upon the flowers. These flowers, you know, are so small a big bumble bee cannot crawl into them, but hovering on their tips they smell the honey in their cups. Those bees buzzed away at a lively rate, and I fancied they were saying, "Oh, there are stores of honey in these flowers and we must manage some way to get it." Thinking they might be talking like that I watched them very closely, and what do you suppose that I saw? Well, those bumble bees went to work pushing their way little by little into the flowers, and after awhile they got in so far that the flowers split open, and then there was nothing to hinder the bees from getting their load of honey. After this I did not wonder any more how these flowers were broken and spoilt.

If you observe the birds, the flowers and the insects very closely you will learn many wonderful and interesting things. I love to study them, and I find every day something new and curious in their lives and habits.

I met a botanist, some years ago, who told me of a wonderful flower which grows in the mountain regions of California. It seems to live upon insects and a great many are destroyed by it every day. I cannot recall the name of the flower just now, but I know that I was greatly interested in what he told me of it.

I have a tiny flower in my herbarium which this botanist brought me from the crest of the great Half Dome in the Yosemite. It is a very little blossom, looking like a star, with pale pink petals and short and slender stem. It grew six thousand feet above this wonderful valley. It seemed almost as marvelous to me as the great Dome itself, and I wanted very much indeed to climb up and see where it grew. I set out one morning but only got to the base of the Dome just below Cloud's Rest. The sun was so hot I grew dizzy and sick and did not dare to go up the rocky side where one has to climb hand over hand to reach the top. But I looked up, straight up, and saw the Dome above me almost like another sky, so far up that its top was above the clouds which sweep round it like a fleecy mantle. An eagle darted out from its eyrie and flapped its wings over our heads, but everything else was still. We were two thousand feet above the valley, and from this point we could look down and see all of its wonders, but I was not quite content because I could not go to the top and gather a cluster of the starry-eyed blossoms, and look off to the great mountain world that was spread all around it. I remember going back a little way from the side of the Dome into a forest of tall trees. Here we found a small log cabin where a man lived all alone. He had no company but the squirrels, the birds, the snakes and the coyotes, only as sometimes the tourists to the valley would find him, or a roving Digger Indian would give him a call. But he was contented to live there, and he was planning to build a stairway to the top of the Dome, that should begin where the trail ended, and be about fifteen hundred feet high. What would you think of climbing a stairway like that? It would take some very skillful engineering to accomplish such a work as that; and I am doubtful about its ever being successfully done. One would go up as high as if they were climbing Jack's beanstalk.

E. A. O.

OUR PORTRAIT GALLERY.

PETER SEMIENOVITSCH WAUNOWSKI.

Peter Semienovitsch Waunowski, the Russian Minister of War, is of the lower middle class, his family hailing from Asia Minor and being in moderate circumstances. He was educated in the Military Academy at Kiev, and after his graduation entered the Russian army in the capacity of Corporal. After serving for seven years and advancing to the position of minor staff officer, he was enabled to seek instruction in one of the higher military schools in St. Petersburg. After passing a most brilliant examination he was advanced to the position of Captain. After serving in this capacity for a number of years he was made Colonel and placed in command of a regiment of infantry in one of the provinces, but not until he had attained the age of 50 was he made a General. Advanced to the position of Lieutenant-General he was given command of the 12th Division of the Army. Few people noticed the man, and probably but few birds and insect pheasants had much to do with this, but among the few who did notice him was the Czaro Czarowitz, now Alexander III. of Russia, and the military world was astounded when in the last Turco-Russian war Waunowski was appointed as Chief of the Czarowitz's staff. After the close of the war he was given command of the army of occupation in Bulgaria. On the 18th of May, 1881, he was made Minister of War, and has since then introduced many reforms in the department. He has placed the Russian army upon a place it has never before attained, and unlike many of his predecessors is popular with the masses.

It is stated that the Czar has commissioned the Minister of War, Waunowski, to prepare plans for a campaign in the event of the opening of hostilities between Bulgaria and Roumelia. It is also stated that Turkey will resist the proposed union, and is accordingly making preparations to fight. The Porte has ordered the railways to be in readiness to transport troops to the frontier, and the feeling prevails generally that the conference to be held in Constantinople by the powers will be a failure. The number of Turkish reserves are being mobilized in the district bordering on the Black Sea. The Russians are also massing troops on their border. Bulgaria, by the Treaty of Berlin, July 13th, 1878, is an autonomy, but is a tributary principality under the suzerainty of the Sultan. Eastern Roumelia is under the direct political and military authority of the Sultan. The area is 13,500 square miles, and the population is 850,000. The people belong mostly to the agricultural classes, and the exports are corn, wine and woolen goods. Roumelia is the centre of the attar of roses trade. The capital is Philippopolis, with a population of 24,500.

City and Country School Children.

At the recent annual meeting at Newport, R. I., of the American Institute of Instruction, Prof. S. H. Thompson made an address in which he stated that in years of experience with schools of town and country, of from three to four hundred in number, he had noticed differences between the pupils of country and city schools, which had to do with the subjects of study and discussion. In the first place, the city bred in the same grade of study with their country cousins are usually younger by from three to five years, yet the latter show more energy, power, concentration, independence, and more rapid progress when taking their proper grade in the city than the others, and are also stronger students in the college, as well as taking more prominent positions in life. The city schools, their apparatus and instructors, are of course far superior, and the pupils cover in their ten months' study more studies and longer courses, so that the result would seem to be otherwise. But the difficulty lies in their being carried beyond their capacity and comprehension, and constant drilling, memorizing and the teacher's work being relied on to carry them to this advanced stage. Thus the pupil's activity is enfeebled by wrestling with what he does not comprehend, his energy is unstrung, and he is weakened instead of strengthened.

Lines,

After reading Mr. Bennett's "Esoteric Buddhism."

O, a Buddha under a Bo-tree,
Esoteric I will be,
With hair as long and thoughts as free
As only a Buddhist's dare to be.

I must be wise and very good
Ere I achieve a Buddahood,
And if I still would higher rise,
I must be good and very wise.

From mysteries I must not shrink,
With mind devout, I simply think,
When of pure thought I really feel a
Rapid increase, I'm a "cellic."

I'm going to live on seven oaths
In something like eight hundred births,
While every time I'm born again,
I may a higher life attain.

Between these births I stay a spell,
Perhaps in heaven, perhaps in—well,
It is important, it appears,
For it may be a million years.

If I am most tremendous bad
There's no salvation to be had,
And I "dissolve into Ariest"
If to be good, I don't do it bit by.

Seven worlds in seven spaces,
Seven lives in seven races,
In a mystic cycle turning
Only knows to consult learning.

Having swept the cycle round,
And both "light and sweetness" found,
Only then can I attain a
Right to enter on Nirana.

This is not the dreamless sleep
Of annihilation deep,
But instead of you and me
There's Universal Entity.

O! a Budda under a Bo-tree,
That is what I long to be,
Losing my small identity
In Universal Entity.

M. D. L.

HOUSE AND HOME.

Susan Sunshine's Budget of Household Matters.

THE WIFE'S TRUE MISSION IN LIFE.

A Few of the Things She Can and Cannot Accomplish—Woman's Natural Love for Housework.

I do not believe it possible for every wife and mother to become so familiar with disease in its various forms as to be able, at all times, to dispense with the services of a physician and become the doctor of her own household. I am not in favor of the idea that every wife should be cook, seamstress, teacher, hostess, maid-of-all-work, nurse and physician in order to fulfill her mission. The trouble with women is—and the idea is generally pretty firmly rooted in the minds of the average husband—that everything that is to be done *inside* of the house, in the absence of servants, the wife should be able to do. And there are a good many women who seek to perform in one life the work that it would take at least a half-a-dozen to accomplish, and the result is that they grow old before their time, become dispirited and lose that real quick, sympathetic interest in life which lends a charm to it; then they are good subjects for disease and an early grave.

Let me give you an example of what I saw not long ago: The poor mother had four small children, the oldest but eight years of age. She was a delicate woman and the cares of maternity weighed heavily upon her. Her girlhood had been passed in luxury, but she had married a poor man whom she loved, and to whom she clung with all the womanly tenderness of her nature. Her husband was doing a pretty good business, but still was not getting rich fast. He employed all the help that was needed about his establishment, had a good superintendent for his business, so that he never was obliged to do very much himself. But he did not feel able to afford any help for his wife save a small serving girl, who was expected to do what was most necessary for her to do at the time. I happened in one day just about lunch time. The sleeping baby had wakened and rolled off the bed, the mother ran to pick it up, and as she returned she found the steak was burning, and with baby on one arm she tried to remove the steak with the other, while the husband was calling, in the choice and patient language that many men are apt to employ when they find a button missing, to her to come at once and put on the missing button. That woman, strong-minded and womanly as she usually is, was so worried by it all, her nerves so tortured by the not uncommon strain, that she sat down and cried just from sheer nervousness and overtaxed efforts. It is the little straws of life that break women down, and the continuous strain of trying to accomplish with one pair of hands what at least six should do. The work-day world is full of just such martyrs as this woman.

I think women naturally have a love for house-work—a feminine instinct leads in that direction, which is often lost through being over-taxed and through the burden of cares too heavy for them to bear. This love can be regained only by lightening their burdens, and lifting them from the level of mere drudges to the plane of a not over-taxed mistress of the household.

But it is well enough for every lady —indeed, it is essential—that every lady should have a knowledge of the simple remedies so well known to good nurses. Many a physician's bill may be saved in this way, and often severe attacks of illness warded off, the increase of malarial diseases followed by changes, with an increase of typhoid fever, catarrh, deafness and chronic lung troubles. The spread of zymotic and contagious diseases is favored by the increase of wind and dust.

An Electric Plant.—If a German account is to be believed the whole world has its living electrical generators as well as the animal kingdom. It is stated that on breaking a stem of the *Phytolacca electrica* the hand receives a shock like that given by an induction coil, and that the magnetic needle is affected to a distance of twenty feet. This energy of the plant is greatest at 2 p. m., and almost disappears at nightfall.

Dr. B. W. Richardson finds that the cat resists suffocation three times as long as the dog, on the average, and in one instance nine times as long.

On certain beaches are found sands which on being set in motion produce a peculiar musical sound. The characteristics of the grains are being studied by Prof. Bolton, of Hartford, who has found the "singing sands" in many localities in this country, and has been supplied by the Smithsonian Institution with a variety of specimens from the Sandwich Islands, Germany, and other places.

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The Patagonians, including both sexes, have an average stature of five feet ten inches, according to Mr. H. Hale, who considers that the adoption of equestrian habits has shortened the legs of the people two inches in two centuries, their former height averaging six feet.

A REMARKABLE BOOK.

"English as She is Spoke" by the Japanese.

Pall Mall Gazette.]

Japan was never more wonderful than it is at present; two-sworded men and happy-dispatch Tycoons and good curios have all disappeared, but the manner in which she adapts the products of advanced civilization makes her as marvelous as ever. Her latest "annexation" is that of "English as she is spoke." A certain Mr. Hara Shusai having in mind the importance of the English language to his countrymen, and deploring the lack of proper elementary works for this purpose, has compiled a phrase-book which he promises to become as classical as its prototype. It is styled "The Letters Book in the English Language." It is constructed on true scientific principles; it travels from the particular to the general. Under the first class come "a weather," "a ant," "a stuff," "a feleet," "a rark," (lark), "the sward," "the pusil," "the rudder," "the caveley," "the bookseller," "the reem subject," the justice of pace," "the bran cat's price," "the rend money," "the ambrera" (umbrella), "the glad." The exercises on verbs then follow in true logical order: "To mat a friend," "company's speaks." Polite letter-writing is a different accomplishment in the language, and accordingly Mr. Hara addresses himself to the subject with great care and fullness. Letters in English, it appears, should commence *interalia*, with "My lody" or "gentleman," and should conclude with, "I have the honor to be most obedient humble servants," and their contents should be after the following models:

"Is this very hot per day, and how do you do? but I am very well."

"This summer would be going to begin the harvest, as your said, therefor I beg your take care of it."

"I will go to the ten house at Somida to cath the pleasant with some preind in your piece."

"If one wants to performed my father's compliments from after noon to-day, and I purpose that your come ostch this glad."

"I did the received your, begs wich you pleassed to me, yesternight, and I will go to justice of pace to-morrow."

"If one wants to write on domestic occurrences, the following will doubtless serve the purpose:

"My wife got the babe now, but they are very well."

"My father's sick is very heavy, therefore I beg your come."

"I sent into you this sorry letter which the inform my mother's dead."

Merchants writing on business should do so in this way:

"Does you comeing to auctioner at to-morrow, for would be sold oil, cloth and toy?"

"What is the bran cat's price? And I will buy that goods if that price is very low."

Why people should be so anxious to buy cats and "bran cats," as the frequent recurrence of the phrase suggests, would be buried in obscurity if I did not recollect that this is the ingenious way in which Young Japan is expected to spell blankets. When business is done, payment of course comes, and here is the form of a bill of exchange:

"for pound 2000.

"A please to pay by this bill exchange to Mr. Taurda, for 2000 pound."

There is no need to recommend the work, for the author does that in his concluding phrase:

"This book is very useful for the world, therefor I will buy this book, and you do buy it too."

On the whole, English as she is spoke in Japan is not a bad imitation of the original.

Fighting a Sea Elephant.

Captain Goldsrake in New Haven News.]

Up round Behring's Straits the natives live mostly on whale's blubber. Up there they hunt the walrus for his ivory and oil, and also for his hide, which they make into boots. I've seen sometimes as many as 500 of those animals on a cake of ice, all bellowing like thunder, so that you could hear them for miles.

Then there is the elephant and they are tough fellows too. It's easy enough killing 'em, but when they are dying they kick up a great fuss. With their little short teeth, I've seen 'em bite off a piece of rock as big as a man's head, and then toss it at a man with fearful force. I found one on a reef one day and as we needed some more oil I ordered the boat steerer to make way for the gully-way in the rocks where he was. We came right up to him, put an iron into him and hauled him into the gully, and almost disappears at nightfall.

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Old Men of the War.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.]

The leading Generals in the procession differed greatly in age. General Joseph E. Johnston is seventy-eight, the senior, probably, of any and all the mourners who followed Grant to the grave. Still, General Johnston is active in body and mind, and feels as young, he says, as he did twenty years ago. Sheridan is but fifty-four, though he looks older — being much the youngest of the great military leaders on the Union side. Sherman is sixty-five, Buckner sixty-four, Sickles sixty-three, Hancock sixty-one, Schofield fifty-four and Wade Hampton sixty-seven. Admiral Porter is seventy-two, and Admiral Rowan seventy-nine.

If General Robert E. Lee were alive he would be nearly eighty, and "Stonewall" Jackson sixty-one. Abraham Lincoln would be seventy-six, and Jefferson Davis is seventy-seven. These ages show why they who took part in the great struggle between the North and South are rapidly passing away. Every year heavily reduces the number. In another decade, few of the soldiers or statesmen prominent in 1861 will be left. And when the century closes, he who was at the first or second battle of Manassas, or at Donelson, or Shiloh, or Five Forks, in the humblest capacity, will be a venerable hero to whom the gray-haired man, whose fathers fought with the Confederates or Unionists, will look with enthusiastic reverence as honored mortals.

Too Much for a Boss.

Philadelphia Times.]

A bat flew into the billiard-room of an hotel at Greenwood Lake the other evening, and was knocked down by one of the players, who struck it with a billiard-cue. It fluttered behind some wine-cases, and was not found until next morning, when one of the boys pulled it from its hiding-place and tossed it into a boat, in which Cofair, the guide, was about to cross the lake. A fisherman occupying the stern seat laid aside his tackle and picked up the bat to examine it. He found that one of the creature's wings was broken, and that it had also lost his hide, which they make into boots. I've seen sometimes as many as 500 of those animals on a cake of ice, all bellowing like thunder, so that you could hear them for miles.

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The Oregon Lumber Company has now opened a splendid assortment of

OREGON PINE and California Redwood Lumber

LE BOOK.

Spoke" by the

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Too Sensitive.
[New Haven News.]

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Too Much for a Bass.
Philadelphia Times.]

A bat flew into the billiard-room of an hotel at Greenwood Lake the other evening, and was knocked down by one of the players, who struck it with a billiard-cue. It fluttered behind some wine-cases, and was not found until next morning, when one of the boys pulled it from its hiding-place and tossed it into a boat, in which Cofair, the guide, was about to cross the lake. A fisherman occupying the stern seat laid aside his tackle and picked up the bat to examine it. He found that one of the creature's wings was broken, and in turning it over got his finger too close to its mouth. In an instant four needle-like teeth were driven into his finger-tip, and with an exclamation of pain and anger he shook the bat loose and cast it out on the surface of the lake. As the maimed creature fluttered about in the water the guide stopped rowing to watch it, and his passenger sucked his finger and muttered a few deep-drawn imprecations.

Suddenly, with a swirl and splash, a magnificent bass, fully eighteen inches long, engulfed the bat in his capacious jaws and shot full length out of the water. "Served him right," said the victim of the creatures test-, and, turning to the guide, he asked: "What's the matter with getting some more bats for bait?"

Before the guide could answer the bat rose to to the surface, crushed, but still gasping. Cofair smiled as he said: "I thought that a black bass was big enough to eat almost anything, but I guess a bat is a little too strong even for a bass.

The Sluggard and the Ant.
Brooklyn Eagle.]

A sluggard from Amsterdam came to the ant, doing business at that time in the hill country, in order to consider her ways and be wise. He stated his errand. "So you wish to consider my ways!" said the Ant, and then added briskly: "Well, this is one of them." And before the Sluggard could say "Jack" the Ant ran up his trousers' leg, and for the ensuing ten minutes he was the most active man outside of the Book of Proverbs. As he ceased from his violent and unwonted exercise, he said he didn't care to consider any more of 'em, as he had just about time to catch his train. And he went home, sold out his Sluggard stock to a telegraph messenger, and entered upon the active duties of private night watchman at a Sunday school. Thus may we all learn that the weight of the moe man is hard, and whoso is deceived thereby is not wise.

Weaknesses of Great Men.

Alexander was too fond of strong drink.

Julius Cæsar was inordinately vain and fond of dress.

Demosthenes was always on the platform when everything was serene, and under it when there was danger.

Peter the Great was a glutton and a drunkard.

Napoleon was addicted to lying; so much so that the habit became notorious.

The Earl of Chatham always dressed and posed for effect.

Sheridan was never able to give up the bottle and the gaming table.

George Washington occasionally swore when he was very mad.

Gen. Santa Anna had a weakness for cock-fighting.

Disraeli started out a dandy, and remained one to the last.

Alexander Dumas earned millions with his pen, but could not keep out of debt.

Why Dickens Left His Wife.
J. R. Siddons in the Chicago Tribune.]

The real cause of Dickens' separation from his wife has never been made public, but it was pretty well known to his intimates. Buckstone, of the Haymarket Theater, said: "It was all the fault of Mrs. Dickens." Chapman, the publisher, of Chapman & Hall, simply observed, in reply to my inquiry: "They were unfitted for each other." But Mark Lemon was infuriate; he, the closest intimate, said: "Dickens was a scoundrel, and Mrs. D. had been taken under Mrs. Lemon's protection." The secret was revealed on the publication of Dicken's will. The first bequest is £1,000 to Miss T—. [Ternan], the daughter of a worthy woman and distinguished actress. It seems that Dickens, who had sent her to Italy for months, became enamored with the girl, and she bore him three children. Nothing more need be said.

"Says one medical writer, and I do not question the correctness of the statement, "Even so innocent a piece of furniture as the bureau may by carelessness become the recipient of articles which may taint the air of your bed chamber. Damp and soiled combs and brushes are not only unsightly and disgusting, but lying soiled and snaired from day to day, will certainly contribute to evil air, as will also greasy and highly-scented hair ribbons, etc. Never lay freshly-laundried clothes upon the bed; nor air the same in your bed-room, if possible to do so elsewhere. Do not hesitate to light a fire on cool mornings and evenings; and if so fortunate as to have an open fire place, you possess a grand means of comfort and ventilation in the bed-chamber."

Romance and Reality.
Burlington Hawkeye.]

The girl with soft grey eyes and rippling brown hair, who walked all over your poor, fluttering heart at the charity ball, has just finished a crazy quilt containing 1,064 pieces of neckties and hat linings, put together with 31,390 stitches. And her poor old father fastens on his suspenders with a long nail, a piece of twine, a sharp stick and one regularly ordained button.

An International Affair.

"Nogales," says the Two Republics, "has a curiosity in the saloon line. You enter it in Mexico and take your drink on United States soil.

Written for the Times.]

An Apology for Flirtation.

Some women are fickle you tell me!
Well, yes, if by fickle you mean
A trifle less false than you men are,
And greatly more true than we seem.

"But women are cruel"—yes, cruel
In thousands of dear little ways;
"So sorry!" at times, to have hurt you,
Yet so kind on the gloomiest days.

But you men, you calculate nicely
How near you may go and how far,
And never a moment you soften
Nor pity the hopes that you mar.

Ah! when at last you're successful,
And the flower falls down at your feet,
Its colors are never so perfect
Its perfume is never so sweet.

Or, when at last we deceive you,
And give you your prompt *congé*,
Then turn you 'round in your anger
And vow all women are flirts.

Believe me, that if you would let us
Be honest and true, as we are,
Not striving to conquer as always,
The world would be better by far.

"Then take a kiss, dear boy,
But do not tell your mother,"
This is the way we become so dear
To somebody else's brother.

W. H. A. AND R. F. H.

Lumber and Coal Yrds.

OREGON LUMBER COMPANY

The Oregon Lumber Company have lately opened a splendid assortment of

OREGON PINE
and
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Of every Description at their New Yard on

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We have a fine stock of Laths, Pickets, Shingles and Finishing Lumber of a superior quality. We are also prepared to fill orders on short notice for building materials of every description. Particular attention paid to orders for unusual lengths and dimensions. Orders solicited.

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J. A. HENDERSON, Vice President.
J. B. SMURR, Treas. W. P. MARSHALL, Sec.

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Lumber Yard and Planing Mills,

COMMERCIAL STREET.

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Sell their lumber as low as the reduced price of any lumber dealers in Los Angeles.

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LOS ANGELES, CAL

Doors and Windows, Mouldings, Lath, Pickets, Shingles, Stakes, Posts, Lime and Cement.

Plaster of Paris, Hair and all Kinds of Mill Work

Health-Pleasure Resorts.

LONG BEACH.

MRS. WAKELEE

WILL KEEP HER HOUSE OPEN DURING the winter to boarders by the week or month. sep28 1m

THE SANTA MONICA HOTEL
AND COTTAGES.

Eighty rooms. Forty of them with fireplaces. Electric bells. Telephone connection with Los Angeles. Pleasantly situated on the bluff overlooking the ocean.

Trains leave Los Angeles at 9:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.; leave Santa Monica at 7:18 a. m. and 3 p. m. Delightful drives on the beach and up the mountain canyons. At the BATH HOUSE on the beach, directly in front of the hotel, are hot and cold salt water always ready and are alone worth the trip to Santa Monica. Tourists should not fail to visit this delightful resort.

J. W. SCOTT, Proprietor. sep17 tf

The Celebrated El Paso de Robles.

Hot and Cold Sulphur Springs
and Natural Mud Baths.

Blackburn Bros. & James, Prop's.

These waters have been pronounced by the most eminent physicians and medical journals for the cure of rheumatism, kidney diseases and all chronic disorders. Delightful surroundings. First-class hotel. Location San Luis Obispo county, Cal. Route, by steamer, the Sunset, to Gaviota or San Luis Obispo, thence by stage 26 miles to Paso Robles Springs; or the trip may be made by rail to Newhall, thence via Coast Line Stage Company. july21 1m

IRON-SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Annual Health and Pleasure Resort

THIRTEEN MILES FROM LOS ANGELES, two miles from Norwalk station, on Santa Ana Railroad. Free hack to hotel. Chalybeate, sulphur and Magnesia ales pure mountain drinking waters. The best of hot and cold mineral baths and electric baths. These mineral waters and baths are excellent for Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Hotel and cottages open all the year. Board and lodging $1 per day, $6 the first week.

DR. C. T. WIDNEY, Pres. Co.
CHAS. BUSEY, Clerk of Hotel, Fulton Wells Postoffice. oct4 tf

Hotels, Restaurants,

ST. DAVID'S. 715 HOWARD ST.

NEAR THIRD, SAN FRANCISCO; A FIRST-class Lodging Hotel, containing 190 rooms; hot and cold water and bath on each floor; the best in the world; no guest allowed to use the linen once used by another; table first-class; hot and cold water; baths free; prices of rooms—per night, 50c and 75c; per week, from $3 upward; ELLIS & HUGHES, Proprietor.

At Market street ferry take Omnibus Line of street cars to corner of Third and Howard. sep19 tf

The Commercial Restaurant,

BY DOL, PROPRIETOR, DOWNEY BLOCK, Main street, receives alive and serves up every day the choicest fish, including Soft-shell Crabs, Turbot and Sea Trout.

Spring Chickens, just in from the ranches, cooked in every style.

This restaurant is Los Angeles' Delmonico. oct26 tf

Educational.

The Los Angeles College

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

For circulars and full particulars, apply to D. W. HANNA, A. M., President.
Corner Fifth and Olive streets.
july31 tf

WOODBURY'S
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
310 North Main Street,
Near Pico House, LOS ANGELES.

F. C. WOODBURY, Proprietor and Manager of Heald's Business College, 9 Francisco, for the past seventeen years, has opened

A First-Class Business College

Where Young Men and Ladies can acquire a THOROUGH, PRACTICAL

BUSINESS EDUCATION.

And also SPANISH, SHORTHAND and TYPE-WRITING.

For particulars, address

F. C. WOODBURY & CO.,
P. O. Box 1957, Los Angeles, Cal.
jly7 4m

A. J. NEWTON. S. CHAPLIN. R. D. WADE

NEWTON, CHAPLIN & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

Paints, Oils and Glass,

ACME MIXED PAINTS

Ready for Use,

Lubricating and Illuminating Oils, Etc.

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jan7

G. W. ROBBINS & CO.

Call at

340 UPPER MAIN ST.

And examine G. W. Robbins's Bed Lounge, patented July 21, 1885. The best and cheapest, and for comfort has no equal. We also keep all kinds of upholstered work.

Lounges, Easy Chairs,
Parlor and Bedroom Suits

And furniture of all kinds, which we will sell cheaper than can be bought in this city, and don't you forget it.

Premium Pampas Plumes for Sale

New crop for sale in lots to suit purchasers. No. 200 S. Alameda st. O. H. BLISS. sept21 tf

MANUFACTURERS OF

CENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS.

Ladies' Underwear of all kinds made to order. Chinese and Japanese Lacquered Ware, Coral, Curios, Fancy Goods, Silk Handkerchiefs also Teas, etc. No. 423 Main street, opposite the Pisos. All goods cheap. myl8 tf

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR LOS ANGELES PROPERTY, IMproved and unimproved city property in Pasadena, Kansas; also improved and unimproved lands in Colby, county, Kansas. Apply to W. H. SHEA, 129 N. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal. sep1 1m

.OMPANY
H. H. BANCROFT.

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Terms.

See Rates and Terms of Subscription &c., Second Page.

"JUSTICE BOTH WAYS."

A Broad Exposition of Widespread Social Evils.

To the Editor of the Times—SIR: Will you permit a lover of square-toned truth, which is always synonymous with square-bound justice, to use some of the space in your paper, to extend a cordial hand of thanks to you for your outspoken sentiments, in your issue of September 30th, viz: "Justice Both Ways." It contains the real essence of all true manliness, justice and humanity. I thank you, and so much that you have said in it, as that being a man, yet have you had the courage to say it, and say it, too, with grave off, in unmistakable, yet English. "Is it any worse to burn out a man's eyes than to burn out a man's soul?" This is the commonsense of the nineteenth century has got to at last, and the sooner it quits squabbling over questions of prohibition or non-prohibition, enters the arena and handles without gloves the monstrous, vital question of unbridled and not unbridled lust, the better for this and all future generations. Drunkenness is but a secondary cause; the mere effect of a cause. Remove the cause and the effect dies from sheer inanition. Decent men and women—thank God, there are many, moored in the harbor of safety of honorable homes—can hardly shed into the quiet refinement of their minds, or even comprehend, the depths of immorality and dishonor over which their unconscious footsteps are passing; yet they have only to look about them at the sons and daughters, born of broken-hearted (for hearts can break and still beat on) defrauded, hopeless women, the effete outgrowth of dishonored homes. God created man in His own image. Are these poor caricatures, weak-kneed, undecided, with arrows, drawn, irritable faces, like unto His most glorious presence, or Edna's description, would be ashamed of them.

Then the standard of a nation's moral and morality admits of a married man's degrading the wife of his bosom, the mother of his children, to the level of an adulteress—which he does every time he forces her into the position of showing his affections and attentions with a debauched woman, without loss of character, business or social prestige—it is time that nation gave itself up to damnation. I contend that a state of society which compels a refined, pure wife and mother to endure this—even though the vulture beak tear at the quivering remnant, At the BATH HOUSE on the beach, directly in front of the hotel, are hot and cold salt water always ready and are alone worth the trip to Santa Monica. Tourists should not fail to visit this delightful resort.

J. W. SCOTT, Proprietor. sep17 tf

The Celebrated El Paso de Robles.

Hot and Cold Sulphur Springs
and Natural Mud Baths.

Blackburn Bros. & James, Prop's.

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again moral law of all humanity, "Thou shalt not commit adultery," with *all that it means*. The true relation of the sexes is love and not lust. That is the relation in which "male and female created He them;" putting into them, indeed, to be distinctly restrained to the office of fruitfulness, the brutal passion of lust; but giving them the spiritual power of love, that each spirit might be greater and purer by its bond to another associate spirit in this world, and that which is to come; helpmates and sharers of each other's joys forever. Make your young people resolve to be honest in their work in this life; heaven will take care of them for the other; and don't think to serve God by praying instead of obeying."

OMBRA.

What Sporting Men Rely On.

When Lewis R. Redmond, the South Carolina moonshiner, cornered, after for eight years eluding the government officials, was asked to surrender, he exclaimed:

"Never, to men who fire at my back!"

Before he was taken five bullets had gone clear through him, but strange to relate, he got well in the hands of a rude backwoods nurse.

By the way, if Garfield had been in the hands of a backwoods nurse he might have lived. A heap of volunteer testimony against the infallibility of the physician has been accumulating of late, and people are encouraged to do their own doctoring more and more. It is cheaper and quite as certain.

Before Detective Curtin of Buffalo caught Tom Ballard he "covered" him with his revolver. Tom saw the point and tumbled.

Joe Goss was "covered" a few weeks ago and he tumbled, and so did Dan Mace. Death "fetched 'em" with that dreaded weapon—kidney disease. But they should have been lively and drawn first. They could easily have disarmed the monster had they covered him with that dead shot—Brewer's safe cure, which, drawn promptly always takes the prey. It is doubtless true that sporting men dread this enemy more than any mishap of their profession, and presumably this explains why they as a rule are so partial to that celebrated "dead shot."

Redmond was right. No man should surrender when attacked in the back. He should "draw," face about and proceed to the defence, for such attacks, so common among all classes, will fetch Layers, new 13. Three-crown Layers, new, $2 25; Loose Muscatels, $1 85; Bulk raisins, 8c; Dried grapes, 8½c.

NUTS—Walnuts, 8c; Hunt's, Cal., 8c; do, Eastern, 9c; Almonds, soft shell, 14c; do, hard shell, 8c.

HIDES—Dry, 17c; Kip, 16c; Calf, 18@c; Culls, one-third less.

WOOL—Fall clip, 19 lb, 17@c; spring clip 20 lb, 20c.

PROVISIONS—Extra Light bacon, 13c; light do, 11c; clear bacon, 9½c; medium do, 9c; heavy do, 8c.

LARD—In 5-lb tins, 10c; 5-lb pails, 11c; 8-lb pails, 10½c; 10-lb pails, 10½c.

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VEAL—From 7 to 9c per pound.

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Real Estate Transfers.
[Reported by Gillette & Gibson.]

CONVEYANCES.

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Louis K Lorbeer to Willis A Norton: Lot 16, block E, Brown & Adams subdivision of block 1 and E, East Pico street, $200.

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RYE—$2 00.

OATS—Surprise, $1 60.

BARLEY—Feed, No. 1, old, $1 25; do new, $1 25@1 27½; brewing, No. 1, $1 40.

CORN—Large Yellow, carload lots 1 00@1 02½; do, job lots $1 05@1 12½; small yellow, job lots, $1 00@1 05; Large White, $1 02@1 07; Small White, $1 05.

FLOUR—Los Angeles, XXXX, $4 50; Capitol Mills Extra Family, $4 50.

MILL FEED—Bran, $20; Shorts, $23; Mixed Feed, $1 30; Cracked Corn, $1 20; Cracked Barley, $1 40; Ground do, $1 40; Rolled do, $1 40.

GRAIN BAGS—Mill Sacks, 4c; less California spot, 4@5c; Second-hand Barley, 8@9c.

ALFALFA—Seed, 10@11c.

POTATOES—Early Rose, Los Angeles, 60@65c; Los Angeles, 50@60c; Burbank, 45@ 55c; Northern, Early Rose, 60@65c; Early Rose, seed, 60c.

SWEET POTATOES—Yellow, 80c; Red and White, 75c.

HAY—Barley, W. B., No. 1, old, $10 50; do new, $12 50; do R. B., No. 1, $10 00@11 00; Wheat R. B., $12 00; Oat, W. B., $11 00@12 00.

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BEANS AND DRIED PEAS—Pink No. 1, $1 00@1 15; do, No. 2, 75c; Job lots, No. 1, $1 00@1 10; Bayos, $1 50; Lima, 2c; do Navy, large, $1 70; do small, $1 80@2 00; Black-eyed, $1 75; Garvanzos, $7 50; Green Field Peas, $4; Lentils, $5 00.

HONEY—Extracted Light, 4@4½c; Amber, 3½@4c; Comb, 10c; Bees-wax, 25c.

POULTRY—Hens, No. 1, per doz, $4 00@4 50; old Roosters, $3 00@3 50; Young Roosters, $3 50@4 50; Broilers, large, $3 50@ 4 00; small, $2 00@2 50; Turkeys, per lb, 14c; Ducks, ₱ doz, large, $4 50@5 00; do small, $3 50@4 00.

DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, S. D., 5c; do peeled, 10c; Plums, pitted, 10c; Plums, unpitted, 3@4c; Blackberries, 10c; Prunes, Cals., French, 7c; do, Cals. German, 5½c; Hungarian, 7c; Apricots, sun-dried, 6c; Apples, evap., 8½c; do, Alexander, 5c; do, sun-dried, 3½c; do quartered, 2½c.

CITRUS FRUIT—Oranges, Los Angeles, $3 00; Lemons—Seedling, per box, $3 00; Eureka, per box, $4 00; Limes, per box, $1 50.

RAISINS—Layers, $1 75; Extra London Layers, new, $2 25; Three-crown Layers, new, $2 25; Loose Muscatels, $1 85; Bulk raisins, 8c; Dried grapes, 8½c.

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English Grain Market.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 10.—Wheat strong, good demand, holders offer sparingly; red winter, spring and winter, 7s 3d@7s 6d. Corn, spot, is offered freely, futures sparingly; 4s 7¾d, spot; 4s 7d, October-November; 4s 6½d December.

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WANTED—SITUATIONS.

COOK—Good German cook wants a situation. Apply at 123 E. Fifth st. oct1 1w

HOUSEKEEPER—A widow with one child wishes a situation as housekeeper for a private family; references given. Inquire or address WM. BUTINER, Pasadena. oct1 1w

NURSE—Situation wanted as nurse or chambermaid. Inquire 703 Hill st. oct9 3t

DRIVER—By a good reliable man, strong and willing to work, a job driving team or on small ranch. Apply to J. W. BROWN, 180, No. 7 St. Mate st. oct7 1w

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted as housekeeper in a respectable family; references exchanged. Address Mrs. E. ROBERTS, in care of Mrs. A. Tregear, Commercial st., Colt 5, Cal. oct7 3t

NURSE—Position as nurse by man of experience, best of references given. Address GEO. MAIL, Los Angeles, Cal. oct3 1m

HOUSEWORK—By a German and American girl to do housework. Address O. G., Times office. oct 1f

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—Lady type writer required in an office, either as learner or expert. Address P. O. box 806, city. oct11 1t

WANTED — Skillful dressmakers; also apprentice. Miss SEYMOUR, Nadeau block. oct10 2t

WANTED—Agents to sell Chambers's Encyclopedia and other books. Call at 76 San Fedro st. JAMES F. WARD. oct10 2t

WANTED—By a party of four adults board on the hill, two or three sunny rooms on second floor, without set baths. Address, stating terms, M. G. S., Times office. oct10 2t

WANTED—Women wishing employment; places promptly secured by calling on Mrs. C. W. DOW, Room 15, Downey Block, Female Employment Office. oct7

WANTED—Profitable employment always for men and women at REID'S, Room 5, Postoffice building. sept1f

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A furnished house of about 7 rooms for private family; no children. Address Mrs. T. SULLIVAN, 520 Pearl st. oct11 1t

WANTED—To give away, a fine and pretty little house dog. Only those who can give it a good home need apply. Mrs. GILSON, 139 S. Hill st. oct1 2t

WANTED—A gentle cow; must be a good milker. Apply at 71 Mission Road, second place beyond Rose's winery. oct1 1t

WANTED—Parties who wish to borrow $250, $1000, $1500, $2500, 6% Temple block. oct10 6t

WANTED—A good sound horse for driving in exchange for a lot at Iron Sulphur Springs, worth $200. Address EXCHANGE, Times office. aug13 tf

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—Property recommended by Russell, Curtis & Sweetser, 43½ S. Spring street.

Centrally and desirably located residence property, present income $100 a month, $13,000.

New city residence, 9 rooms, besides bath, closets, etc; best location in city, $8000, and a model for convenience.

New house (furnished) modern, 5 rooms, barn; corner lot 97x180, on hill; fine view, $4000.

House of 3 rooms, lot 20x126, good well, $700.

Corner lot, 180 feet front on Walnut ave.; unfurnished house; orange trees bearing, $1200.

Thirty-eight acres (20 bearing orchard), 6 room house, convenient to depot; no irrigation required; $7000. oct11 3t

FOR SALE—One frame house, almost new, with six rooms, to be removed from premises of Philadelphia Brewery. Apply at 38 Aliso st. oct1 1f

FOR SALE—Cheap, in East Los Angeles finely located house and lot, close to Downey ave., furnished or unfurnished; no agents; lowest terms and other attractive improvements; house has six hard-finished rooms, hall, bath, closets, sliding doors, and lamoleum in every respect. Apply to owner, P. O. box 57. oct10f

FOR SALE—Cheap, elegant residence lot on the hill; business property on Spring st.; two and a half acres on South Main st., choice corner on South Main st.; new house of six rooms on Laurel st.; dairy ranch near Riverside; lots in cabinet tract on monthly payments. POTTS & MILLS, 18 Court st. oct9f

FOR SALE—$250 building lots for sale on installment plan by PIERCE BROS., East Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—House and lot, 19 Hays st., East Los Angeles. oct6 1w

FOR SALE—One of the best little fruit farms of eight acres in the county, with good house, horse, cow, buggy, etc., grapevines, orange and other fruit trees all in full bearing; will be sold cheap on account of departure; near city; also two houses in city renting for $40 per month. For further particulars address P. O. box 859. oct6 1m

FOR SALE—A desirable property on spring st, at a bargain, as owner is about leaving the city. Apply to W. J. HARDY, 134 How'l st. oct6 6t

FOR SALE—Very choice half acre lots for sale in the Yale-Harvard tract, situated on Diamond and Alvarado sts., within short distance of terminus of cable road; these lots command fine views, lie high, and enjoy the advantage of the ocean breeze. Price from $350 upwards; terms one-third cash. Apply BARRETT & FRANCIS, Nadeau Block, 9 N. Spring st. aug30 1f

FOR SALE—Five acres of land near the City Univ., Los Angeles, covered with choice fruit trees nine years old, all in full bearing; new house of 6 rooms and bath, a most delightful suburban residence; owner going abroad; will sell cheap; price $5000; terms easy. Address P. O. box 1270, city. aug9 1f

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Two houses on Fourth st., near Normal school; 11 rooms each. Apply to DR. ZAHN. sept26 1f

FOR SALE—$850 will buy a nice finished cottage, within half a block of D. Wray ave.; good well water and stable. Apply to ROW'S STORE, cor. Downey ave. and Hayes st., E. Los Angeles. sept23 1m

FOR SALE — Or Exchange—A valuable property for sale or exchange for property on the limits of the city. This property is situated on Sansevain and Dacomania sts., being 46 feet front on each street by 202 feet deep. On Dacomania street there are two cottages and on Sainsevain street there is one, the whole comprising three houses on the property fronting the two streets. Any person wanting anything of that kind will please call at 25 Aliso st. or 62 Sainsevain st. sept9 1m

FOR SALE—Or Rent—$600 acres of good Temescal land; for sale or rent in small tracts. Apply to BROWN & ADAMS, 126½ S. Spring st. sept1 1f

FOR SALE—$500; in a lovely location, near the ocean, hotel furniture and good will; all in good order. For full particulars inquire at No. 54 Nadeau block, or address Box 972. sept 1f

FOR SALE—Cheap; some choice acre property that will divide into lots and sell for double the money asked. Must be sold at once. McKOON, PENNEY & BRODBECK, 19 N. Spring st. aug29 1f

FOR SALE—Or exchange, from 3 to 7½ acres moist land, 1¼ miles west of University; variety of fruit in bearing; gun grove; fine well of water; good barn; box house, etc. WALKER, House Mover, 320 San Pedro st. aug22 1f

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Fine Ferry cart, with top, can be seen at corral, east side Fort st., bet. Fourth and Fifth; will trade for a light top buggy. oct11 1t

FOR SALE—A good 7-octave square piano, at once. Call at 38 Clay st., above Fourth and Hillst. oct10 3t

FOR SALE—Two good second-hand carts and a nearly new hand-made single harness. Frazier Cart Agency, 55 Temple st., nearly opposite Times Mirror office. oct8f

FOR SALE—A new pole, all complete, for a light buggy, at Temple street stables, COOPER. oct8f

FOR SALE—October Magazines at OLMSTED & WALES'S, 19 W. First st. jun22

FOR SALE—Or Rent—The Central House, Santa Monica. Apply to JOHN DONALD, Santa Monica. oct2 1m

FOR SALE—A lot of old newspapers, suitable for wrapping, for sale cheap. Apply Times counting room. jly24tf

FOR SALE—LIVE STOCK.

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MONEY TO LOAN—On first-class securities, city or country property, by F. G. ADDY & CO., No. 10 Court st., opposite Court-house. my26 tf

LOST.

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321 W. SECOND ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, $5 upwards; board in private family next door. oct9 1w

221 N. FORT—Near Temple; furnished rooms with board in private family; also table board; references. oct7 1w

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TO LET—Some nicely furnished rooms, with or without board, in new house cor. First and Hill sts; two blocks from Postoffice; rooms light and sunny. Apply at 229 First st. sept1 tf

THE MAHARA HOUSE, 231 MAIN ST., near 3. Third; pleasant sunny rooms; good table; prices reasonable; everything first-class. myl4 6mo

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAVE your pianos tuned and repaired by H. N. BORCHERS, piano maker, late with Steinway & Sons, 225 S. Spring and Bartlett's music store. oct2 1w

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—Fine property near Los Angeles for property in Kansas. WOODARD & COOK, 12 Court st. sept2tf

Special Notices.

☞ Writing School.—Room 67 Nadeau block. Open day and evening. The eye on of muscular movement. Nothing excels it for ease and rapidity. C. L. BRUNHALL, Penman. oct11

☞ Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the LOS ANGELES ELECTRIC COMPANY, held October 3d, 1885, a dividend (No. 2) of six (6) cents per share was declared, payable at the office of the company, on Tuesday, October 20, 1885. Transfer books will close on Friday, October 16, 1885, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m. Office Room No. 6, Schumacher block, opposite Postoffice, Los Angeles, Cal. CHAS. H. HOWLAND, Secretary. oct 1d

☞ Stockholders' Meeting.—The Annual meeting of the stockholders of the Los Angeles Electric Light Company for the election of five directors for the ensuing year, and any other business which may be presented, will be held at the office of the company, at Room No. 6, Schumacher block, Los Angeles, Cal., at 11 o'clock a. m., TUESDAY, Oct. 20, 1885. CHAS. H. HOWLAND, Secretary. oct1d

☞ Mrs. Senard's Select School Fits for college and business. Special attention given to primary department. No. 149 South Hill street, between Second and Third. oct2

☞ Notice.—The Los Angeles City Water Company will strictly enforce the following rule: The hours for sprinkling are between 6 and 8 o'clock a. m. and 6 and 8 o'clock p. m. For a violation of the above regulation the water will be shut off and a fine of two dollars will be charged before water will be turned on again. my7tf

EAST SIDE LODGING HOUSE AND SANITARIUM.

NO. 324 POLLARD BLOCK.—A HOME for the invalid made a specialty, where they will have the best of care by experienced nurses. Mrs. S. E. BURGE, Prop. Opposite electric light, Downey ave., East Los Angeles, Cal.

East Los Angeles street cars pass the door. oct 2ulkbal 1m

Weather Report.

Local Bulletin.—At 4 a. m. yesterday the thermometer registered 54, at noon 74, and at 7 p. m. 64. Barometer for corresponding periods, 29.92, 29.91, 29.89. Maximum temperature, 74.9; minimum, 53.6. Weather at 8 p. m., cloudy.

Signal Service Indications.—[By telegraph from San Francisco at 8 last night.] Indications for the succeeding thirty-two hours: North Pacific Coast, fair weather, light, variable winds, generally northerly. Middle Pacific Coast, fair weather, light to fresh northwesterly winds, except along the coast, fresh to brisk. South Pacific Coast, fair weather, light to fresh winds, generally northwesterly.

THE CITY.

Dots.

Money to loan, Hellman & Robbins.

$150,000 to loan by the Southern California Insurance Company, rooms 1 and 2 Bryson block, on first-class real estate security, and in sums to suit. No commissions to pay.

Wyeth's liquid rennet at Ewing's grocery house.

To-morrow we will lift the lids from the remaining cases of our bankrupt purchase. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale of boots and shoes.

Miss Mary Fish, the artist of Nadeau block, makes a specialty of portraits.

New books at Stoll & Thayer's. See notice.

The bottom has dropped out of Bartlett's jewelry store, and everything has touched bottom. Now is the time for a bargain.

Whether you need shoes or not, buy them at our bankrupt sale, as you can get them there for almost nothing.

An elegant cook book given away with each half-dollar's worth of Quick Work soap. Ewing's grocery house.

Such crowds of eager purchasers were never seen in any one store in Los Angeles before as visited our store yesterday. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Moir's kippered herring at H. Jevne's.

New designs in opaque china, also baskets; cutlery, etc., just received at Pohlhans & Vollmer's, No. 10 West First street.

Cranberries at Jevne's.

Everybody stands an equal show on the pumpkin seed guess at Bartlett's jewelry store. See the prize in their show window.

Our slipper department is simply enormous, and the prices are ruinous to the shoe trade. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

A fine lot of Florida mocking birds just arrived and for sale at 311 North Main street.

Pasadena blackberries in glass at Ewing's grocery house.

Finest butter at Jevne's.

Judging from the large number of prescriptions that are daily put up at Dr. McDowell's drug store, North Main street, opposite the Baker block, the people appreciate and patronize a place where they can rely on not being given adulterated and worthless drugs for those that are pure and fresh.

Guess at the number of seeds in the pumpkin in Bartlett's window, and if you are the nearest guesser you carry off the watch.

Cowhovy mustard at Ewing's grocery house.

Misses' and children's shoes of extra qualities, and we guarantee to sell you two pairs for the same money as you pay elsewhere for one. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Our roasted coffees never get over two days old. H. Jevne.

The best shine in the city at 233 North Main street reduced to 5 cents a shine from the old price of 10 cents. First class shine and brush.

Misses' pebble goat boots, good value for $2.25, we are throwing them away at $1.35. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Lockhart & Son sell bran and shorts below mill prices.

Families seeking best quality will regularly use Snowflake flour. Sold only by Ewing's grocery house.

Some one is sure to get that elegant gold watch in Bartlett's window. The pumpkin guessers are numerous.

Dr. Todd, dentist, Nadeau block.

Ladies' kid button boots, good value for $4, we are unloading them at $1.90. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Vermont maple sugar at Jevne's.

The Hazelton pianos are the finest made. Call and see them at the "Musical College Block," 364½ South Spring street. Cash or installments.

Money to loan, F. H. Barclay.

$5 shoes for $3. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Garrett & Neitzke, undertakers and embalmers, 234 N. Main st. Telephone 75.

Dijon mustard at Jevne's.

Hornby steam cooked oats at all grocers.

Real estate dealers who want to reach new comers, should advertise in the next issue of the Rural Californian, as a large immigration edition is to be printed. Office 28 Baker block.

Johnson's "Fluid Beef" at Jevne's.

You can buy more shoes for $2.50 at our house than you can buy elsewhere for $4.50. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

Mr. Tarble, of Tarble & Swartz, goes to the County Fair at Downey City this week, with a number of Frazier road carts. Mr. Swartz will be on hand to show any of the twelve styles of these beautiful vehicles at the "Repository" in the old Episcopal church, 55 Temple street. Speeding carts, jogging and breaking carts, carts for ladies, doctors, and business men and farmers.

Solid silver cards (the latest wedding presents) are being made at Bartlett's Jewelry store, presumably for some wedding in high life. The engraving on them is done in a very artistic manner.

Tobacco pepper sauce at Ewing's grocery house.

Gardner's, 230 North Main street.

To-morrow we will start to sell our 75-cent carpet slippers for 25 cents. Lewis Bros.' bankrupt sale.

The most successful tea and coffee trade in town is done by H. Jevne, 38 and 40 North Spring street.

Dr. Williams (next Diamond House) 275 North Main street.

A new thing. Quick Work soap. Try it. Ewing's grocery house.

A Washington Navel orange nursery of eighteen hundred trees for sale by Alex Edwards, adjoining Raymond Hill, South Pasadena, Cal. The buds are of this year's growth, straight as an arrow. All staked, and will average seven feet in height. Will warrant them free of scale of any color. I will sell for cash at figures that will insure the purchaser to double his money before spring.

The Downey Fair.

The Downey Fair opens next Tuesday and continues until Saturday. The opening address will be made by Stephen M. White. There is every reason to expect a very fine exhibition, and it will certainly pay everyone who desires to see the productions of one of the richest agricultural districts in the county to make the trip. Passengers for the fair will go down on the regular 9 o'clock train, and come up on a special at 5 p. m.

Lively Work at the Cannery.

M. Welsh, superintendent of the Southern California Packing Company, informs the TIMES that the demand for this year's pack has far exceeded expectations. Yesterday he shipped one carload to Sacramento, one to San Francisco and two to San José. The Company's pack of peaches is all disposed of and large orders will remain unfilled. The outlook is very good for fruit-growers, and the cannery expects to handle more fruit next year than ever before.

BAD TEMPLARS,

According to the Dictum of the Grand Lodge.

GOULD, MORRIS AND WOOD STEP DOWN.

Conclusion of a Long-Drawn Fight—Morris and Wood, the Chief Censors, Expelled, and Gould Suspended.

Fourth Day—Afternoon Session.

Mr. Morris admitted that he wrote the editorials in the Patriot; that he was the editor and proprietor of that paper; that he circulated them in the Grand Lodge; that he knew about two of the circulars which were distributed with the Patriot; that he placed some of them within the folds of the Patriot, and knew that they were distributed at the doors of the building where the reception was given to the delegates.

Grand Lodge adjourned at 5:30.

Night Session.

Grand Lodge called to order at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall, Rev. O. Wheeler in the chair.

Roll call.

Trial proceeded with.

Will D. Gould took the stand, which he occupied for two and one-half hours, endeavoring to explain his minority report to the last Grand Lodge, one of the circulars referred to in the charges. He claimed that no animosity was intended therein; that he had no personal feeling against any member of the Grand Lodge, and he made an appeal to the sympathies of the members.

Recess taken for ten minutes.

Grand Lodge called to order.

Gould said he knew what was published in the Censor, when it was issued, only after he got home, not before. Did not think he ever told the editor that what he published was improper. If the Grand Lodge could afford to crucify Mr. Wood, editor of the Censor, he would go with him. He regarded him (Wood) as the greatest leader of prohibition in the State. He claimed that he had been kept all the week waiting for his trial; that he had been insulted in the newspapers in his own town, where he was thought much of; that it was breaking him up, and that if he fell, in his weak condition, his blood would be upon the hands of the Grand Lodge. He made an earnest appeal to the feelings of the members.

Geo. B. Katzenstein took the stand. He said positively the charge made in the Patriot that he ran the Rescue in the interests of certain parties was untrue; that he had proved conclusively otherwise; that the charge made in the Censor, that the Grand Lodge asked for subscriptions for the Orphans' Home, was also untrue, and that he challenged evidence to gainsay his statement.

The following witnesses were then called: J. A. Fairbanks, D. J. S. Halsey, M. C. Winchester, Mrs. T. S. Armstrong, Julius Lyons.

These witnesses testified that they knew of no resolution passed that the Rescue should be immediately discontinued. The defendants claim that such a resolution was presented but suppressed.

After ten and a half hours spent in taking testimony, the plaintiff and defendants closed their cases.

Judge J. M. Walling, of Nevada City, Cal., as counsel for Grand Lodge plaintiff, opened the argument at 11 o'clock. He was followed by John Robinson and Rev. Stephen Bowers for the defendants.

Messrs. Wood, Morris and Blanchard, the last named one of the attorneys for defendants, argued the case. The argument was closed by Judge Walling.

The Grand Lodge then took a secret ballot upon each defendant separately, with the following result:

Will D. Gould, guilty as charged.

George Morris, guilty as charged.

Albert Wood, guilty as charged.

The Grand Lodge then voted upon the sentence to be imposed with the following result:

Will D. Gould, suspension.

George Morris, expulsion.

Albert Wood, expulsion.

At the hour of 3:15 a. m. the session closed, the Grand Lodge having been in continuous sitting from 9:30 o'clock in the evening. All of the delegates remained until the trial was finished and sentences voted upon.

Fifth Day—Morning Session.

The Grand Lodge was called to order at 9:30 yesterday, M. C.